NC Home Advantage Mortgage™ Program Guide



North Carolina Housing Financing Agency

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www.nchfa.com

Table of Contents

1. Introduction	5
2. Definitions	8
3. Lender Participation Guidelines	14
3.1 Lender Participation Guidelines	14
3.2 Online Lender Services System (OLS)	15
3.3 Record Retention	16
3.4 Annual Recertification Requirements	16
3.5 Program Guide Updates & Revisions	16
3.6 Master Servicer Contact Information	17
3.7 Lender Compensation	18
3.8 Lender's Responsibility to Report Violations	18
4. Loan Eligibility Guidelines	19
4.1 NC Home Advantage Mortgage TM Loan Program Overv	view 19
4.2 Eligible Loan Types	20
4.3 Mortgage Insurance Coverage Requirements	21
4.4 Escrow Holdbacks	22
4.5 Ineligible Loans/Loan Types	23
4.6 Down Payment Assistance	23
4.7 Lien Position Policy	26
4.8 Principal Reduction Policy	27
4.9 Subordination Policy	27
5. Borrower Eligibility Guidelines	29
5.1 Borrower Requirements	29
5.2 Pre-Purchase Education Req. for First-Time Homebuye	rs 30
5.3 Income Limits	30
5.4 Ratios	30

	5.5 Credit Score Requirements	31
	5.6 Collections Policy	31
	5.7 Bankruptcy Policy	32
	5.8 Short Sales / Foreclosure	32
	5.9 Flip Properties	32
6.	Property Eligibility Guidelines	33
	6.1 Property Requirements	33
	6.2 Repairs and Escrows for Completion	34
	6.3 Owning More Than One Home	34
	6.4 Property Appraisal Condition Requirements	35
7.	Loan Origination and Underwriting Steps	36
	7.1 General	36
	7.2 Review Time	36
	7.3 Perfect Submissions	37
	7.4 Loan Origination	37
	7.5 Pre-Closing Forms/Documents Required	39
	7.6 Loan Closing After NCHFA Issues Commitment	40
	7.7 Interest Credit	41
	7.8 Interim Servicing	42
	7.9 Hazard Insurance Requirements	42
	7.10 Electronic Signature Policy	42
	7.11 Power of Attorney (PoA) Guidelines	43
	7.12 Free Trader	44
8.	Post-Closing Processing Steps	45
	8.1 General	45
	8.2 Closing of DPAs in NCHFAs Name	46
	8.3 Signatures on Deed of Trust and Promissory Note	49
	8.4 Uploading the Closing Package in OLS	50
	8.5 UCD XML File	51
	8.6 Loan Purchase Review and Funding	52
	8.7 Shipping the Final Documents to Master Servicer	52.

9.	Rate Extensions, Changes to Lock-In, and Withdrawal Guidelines	54
	9.1 Late File Submission	54
	9.2 Interest Rate Lock-In Policy	56
	9.3 Requesting an Extension	57
	9.4 Changes to a Lock-In	58
	9.5 Withdrawal of Loan Locks	58
	9.6 Duplicate Locks or Borrowers	58
10	. NC 1st Home Advantage Mortgage Down Payment - \$8,000 DPA	59
	10.1 Property Requirements	60
	10.2 Owning More Than One Home	62
	10.3 Borrower Eligibility	62
	10.4 Forms and Documents Required	62
	10.5 Loan Terms and Fees	63
	10.6 Allowable Fees on 2 nd Mortgage	64
	10.7 Promissory Note and Deed of Trust for 2 nd	64
	10.8 Gift Funds	64
	10.9 Income Limits	64
	10.10 Income Calculations for Compliance Underwriting	65
	10.11 Separation and Divorce Agreements	72
11	. FAQ and Program Summary	74
	Program Summary for NC 1st Home Advantage Mortgage TM	75
	NC 1 st Home Advantage Mortgage TM Program Matrix	79
	Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ)	84
12	. Recapture Tax	88
	Index	111

Introduction

The purpose of this Mortgage Program Guide is to provide a basic overview of the key operational and program details of the NC Home Advantage Mortgage™ program regarding borrower and property eligibility, credit, underwriting, and closing procedures. This guide is not a substitute for lender training classes offered by NCHFA on a recurring basis for the benefit of loan officers, operations personnel, and other mortgage staff. NCHFA requires all participating lender personnel to attend one of our regular training classes to get a more in-depth overview of our programs.

Lenders wishing to use the Mortgage Credit Certificate (MCC) program alone or in conjunction with the NC Home Advantage MortgageTM program <u>must</u> refer to the MCC Program Guide on the NCHFA website.

The program permits participating lenders who have executed a Mortgage Origination Agreement (the Agreement) with NCHFA and the Master Servicer to originate, close and fund 30-year fixed-rate mortgages and to deliver such mortgages for purchase to the Master Servicer subject to the program eligibility of borrowers. FHA, VA, USDA, conventional, down payment and credit underwriting guidelines will be used where applicable. In addition, the Agreement with NCHFA and the Master Servicer permits participating lenders to originate and close deferred subordinate mortgages, subject to the program eligibility of borrowers.

At their option, participating lenders may charge origination fees but no discount points. In addition, the borrower may pay any normal and customary fees such as application fee, survey fee, credit report fee, appraisal fee, insurance fee or similar settlement or financing cost. In all cases the lender must meet RESPA rules, Dodd-Frank, CFPB, and North Carolina lending laws regarding fees and charges.

Participating lenders must review, execute and understand the terms of the Mortgage Origination Agreement with NCHFA and the Master Servicer and this Program Guide prior to originating, processing, underwriting, closing and delivering mortgages for purchase under the program.

NCHFA was created in 1973 by North Carolina General Statutes Chapter 122-A as a corporate body with responsibility to provide affordable housing opportunities for low- and moderate-income North Carolina households.

NCHFA has office hours between 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m., Monday through Friday. The telephone number is (919) 877-5700. The mailing address for NCHFA is the following:

North Carolina Housing Finance Agency Home Ownership Lending Group P.O. Box 28066 Raleigh, North Carolina 27611-8066

or

North Carolina Housing Finance Agency Home Ownership Lending Group 3508 Bush Street Raleigh, North Carolina 27609

Our Program Guide and other resource materials may be downloaded from our website at www.nchfa.com. Marketing brochures and flyers may be available from time to time and will be provided to lenders when available.

Home Ownership Group Contact List:

Name	E-mail Address	Telephone (919 area code)	Responsibilities
Cathy Hatcher, GML Senior Underwriter	cshatcher@nchfa.com	877-5677	Underwriting and program questions
Donna Pruitt Loan Production Coordinator	dmpruitt@nchfa.com	877-5692	Underwriting and program questions
Rajeshree Patel-Howard Underwriter	rphoward@nchfa.com	981-2688	Underwriting and program questions
Amber Smith Underwriter	ansmith@nchfa.com	981-2660	Underwriting and program questions
Pam Rasberry Underwriter	prrasberry@nchfa.com	850-2900	Underwriting and program questions
Bill Hobbs Lender Liasion	wahobbs@nchfa.com	850-2779	Lender outreach, lender visits, support
Jane Cavanagh Training & Outreach Coordinator	jane@nchfa.com	877-5683	Lender and realtor training classes
Jan Ott Processor	jlott@nchfa.com	877-5632	MCC closing documents
Lori Purser Loan Processor	lgpurser@nchfa.com	981-2608	Processing, Closing
Rob Rusczak Manager Home Ownership Group	rob@nchfa.com	875-3777	Home Ownership Group Manager
Margie Rivera Customer Service	mbrivera@nchfa.com	877-5710	Customer Service, Locks, User IDs

NCHFA displays current interest rates, loan types and other program information on the NCHFA website. Our website address is www.nchfa.com. Participating lenders must use our Online Lender Services System (OLS) to reserve loans and maintain their pipeline. It can be accessed via https://www.nchfa.org/OLS/login.aspx..

Definitions

The following words are used in this Program Guide with these meanings:

ACH – Automated clearing house. Direct deposit transfer of funds from one bank to another.

Award Letter – Letter related to the Down Payment Assistance (DPA) on FHA loans only, provided with Commitment intended by NCHFA to satisfy the requirements of HUD Handbook **4000.1 II.A.4.d.ii.(C)**

AUS – Automated Underwriting System.

Co-borrower – An individual who is listed on loan documents and whose income and credit are used to qualify for the loan. A co-borrower must:

- a. meet the annual income limits, and
- b. have or will establish North Carolina residency within 60 days of closing.
- c. non-occupying co-borrowers do not have to establish residency in the property

Co-signer/Co-Signor - A non-occupant who is co-signing the Note for a particular loan. For NCHFA purposes, the co-signers are not allowed.

Commitment – Letter provided to lender via OLS upon NCHFA's review and approval of preclosing documents uploaded into OLS. In no instance may the lender close any NC Home Advantage Mortgage™ loan until a Commitment has been issued. The commitment to purchase the loan is subject to the Master Servicer's review of the closing documents for compliance with GNMA, FNMA, or Freddie Mac regulatory guidelines in addition to any requirements of the Master Servicer.

CPLP - Community Partners Loan Pool ("CPLP"), offers a deferred 0% interest subordinate lien administered by NCHFA, which can be used as down payment or be applied to closing costs. **Discount Points -** A point equals 1% of the loan amount that is used to reduce the interest rate on a mortgage below prevailing market rates. **Discount points not allowed**.

DPA - Down payment assistance or subordinate financing offered by NCHFA, up to 5% of the first mortgage total loan amount for FHA, VA and USDA loans (not always available for USDA), and up to 3% of the first mortgage loan amount for conventional loans.

DTI - Debt-to-income ratio, which cannot exceed 43% for any NC Home Advantage MortgageTM.

Early Check – Fannie Mae's service designed to assist lenders in identifying and correcting potential eligibility and/or data issues early in the process and prior to loan delivery.

Electronic Signature – Is acceptable on NCHFA documents if they meet ESIGN and UETA federal standards.

Eligible Property - A residence located in North Carolina and is eligible for insurance under FHA, VA, USDA or conventional guidelines.

Existing Home - A dwelling unit that has been previously occupied by an owner occupant.

Extension Fees – Loans may be assessed a 7-day, 15-day or 30-day extension fee at a cost of 0.0625%, 0.1875% or 0.25%, respectively. The extension fees are automatically deducted from the lender compensation at the time that the Master Servicer purchases the loan from the lender.

Fannie Mae - Federal National Mortgage Association or FNMA.

First Time Home Buyer (FTHB) – A borrower (or non-borrowing co-occupant) who has not had an ownership interest in a principal residence within three (3) years of closing on the next home purchase.

FHA - The Federal Housing Administration.

FHA Insurance, FHA-Insured - Insurance provided by FHA for residential mortgages which protects lenders against some or most of the losses that can occur when a borrower defaults on a mortgage loan.

FNMA – Federal National Mortgage Association or "Fannie Mae."

Free Trader Agreement – Legal agreement between married spouses allowing each to purchase or sell property without the consent of the other party. It is not required, although strongly encouraged, for the NC Home Advantage Mortgage programs.

GNMA – The Government National Mortgage Association or "Ginnie Mae."

HUD - The United States Department of Housing and Urban Development.

Industry Standards - The guidelines published and used by FHA, VA, USDA or FNMA to underwrite mortgage loans for acceptance by these entities.

Legally Enforceable Obligation Letter - Letter related to the DPA for FHA loans provided with Commitment intended by NCHFA to satisfy the requirements of HUD Handbook **4000.1 II.A.4.d.ii.(C)**

Lender - Any mortgage lender that is a Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac approved seller/servicer in good standing (if originating conventional loans); is approved as an FHA mortgage originator (if originating FHA loans); is approved as a VA mortgage originator (if originating VA loans); is approved as a USDA mortgage originator (if originating USDA loans.

Lock-In Expiration Date – Sixty (60) days past the date the loan is first locked in the NCHFA OLS system. The loan must be purchased by the Master Servicer by the Lock-In Expiration Date to avoid extension fees.

Manufactured Homes (**Mobile Homes**) - A manufactured building designed to be used as a single family dwelling unit which has been constructed and labeled indicating compliance with the HUD administered National Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Standards Act of 1974. (Look for HUD label.) NCHFA will only accept new, never occupied, doublewide or

greater, manufactured housing on a permanent foundation for FHA, VA and USDA loans. Manufactured Homes are not eligible for a conventional loan.

Marital Interest - An ownership interest one has only because he/she was married to a person who owned a property.

Mark-to-Market Fee – A fee applied on any loan purchased by the Master Servicer for which the lock has expired. The mark-to-market fee is based on market conditions at the time the Master Servicer purchases the loan from the lender. In no circumstance will the mark-to-market fee be less than what an extension fee would have been had an extension been requested timely.

Master Servicer – Alabama Housing Finance Authority doing business as ServiSolutions ("ServiSolutions"), the entity designated by NCHFA to purchase and service loans under the NC Home Advantage MortgageTM program by which participating lenders must be approved.

MI Company – Also known as PMI. A private mortgage insurance company providing mortgage insurance on conventional loans. See eligible MI providers in Section 4.2.

MCC - Mortgage Credit Certificate issued by NCHFA according to the rules and regulations determined by the IRS.

Modular Home - A manufactured building designed to be used as a single-family dwelling unit which has been constructed and labeled indicating compliance with the North Carolina State Uniform Residential Building Code, Volume VII (Look for NC Validation Stamp).

Mortgage Origination Agreement - An agreement describing the mortgage originator's rights and responsibilities, made between the North Carolina Housing Finance Agency, the Master Servicer and lenders participating in the NC Home Advantage MortgageTM program.

Mortgagor - The borrower(s) in a mortgage transaction.

Mortgage Revenue Bond Loans – Loans financed with tax-exempt financing through Mortgage Revenue Bonds (MRBs).

NCHFA - North Carolina Housing Finance Agency.

NC 1st Advantage Mortgage – NCHFA's 1st Home Advantage Mortgage Down Payment is intended for First Time Homebuyers, qualifying Veterans, or homebuyers purchasing a property in a Federally Targeted Census Tract, who meet the property acquisition and income limits set by the IRS and HUD. All adult occupants must meet the guidelines established by Congress and IRS for recipients of tax-exempt, mortgage revenue bond funding.

New Construction - A dwelling unit that is new and/or never occupied, including spec Construction and builder inventory.

Non-Borrowing Co-Occupant - Any person age 18 years or older who will occupy the property and will not be secondarily liable on the mortgage.

Online Lender Services System (OLS) - The system made available by NCHFA to its lending partners for the lock and confirmation of NC Home Advantage MortgageTM and MCC-assisted loans.

PMI Company – Also known as MI Company. A private mortgage insurance company providing mortgage insurance on conventional loans. Only Arch, Essent, Genworth, MGIC, National MI, and Radian are approved MI providers for NCHFA.

Participating Lender - A lender that has been approved by NCHFA and the Master Servicer to originate, process, underwrite, close and fund mortgage loans under NCHFA approved programs. See Section 3 for lender qualifications.

Permanently Fixed - The towing hitch or running gear, including the wheels and axles, has been removed from the mobile home, and the home has been attached to a permanent foundation (including basement, crawl space and slab types of foundations).

POA – A properly recorded, signed, and executed power of attorney legal document.

Prepaid Items - Amounts required by the Participating Lender to be paid at settlement in advance of their due date. These items may include property taxes, accrued interest, association dues,

mortgage insurance premiums and hazard insurance premiums. Prepaid items do not include loan origination fees, "Points" or "Discount Points", and tax service fees.

Principal Residence - Housing that the eligible borrower will occupy as a principal residence. The home cannot be used as an investment property or second home.

Program Guidelines - Guidelines that are used in conjunction with credit and property mortgage industry guidelines to determine eligibility for NC Home Advantage MortgageTM financing.

RESPA – The "Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act" as enforced by HUD.

Servicing Agreement - An agreement describing the mortgage servicer's rights and responsibilities, made between NCHFA, the Lender Participant, and the Master Servicer.

Seller Contribution – Amount the seller may contribute toward the borrower's closing expenses. Follow industry guidelines for Loan Type (i.e., FHA, USDA, VA. Or Conventional).

State - The State of North Carolina.

TRID – The TILA RESPA Integrated Disclosures that went into effect October 3, 2015. The Loan Estimate replaces the initial Truth-in-Lending disclosure and Good Faith Estimate. The Closing Disclosure replaces the final Truth-in-Lending disclosure and HUD-1 Settlement Statement.

United States Department of Agriculture/Rural Development (USDA) - The USDA home loan guaranty provides loans in rural areas to finance homes and building sites.

Veterans Administration (VA) - The Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944 authorized this agency to administer a variety of benefit programs designed to facilitate the adjustment of returning veterans to civilian life. The VA home loan guaranty program is designed to encourage lenders to offer long-term, low down payment mortgages to eligible veterans by guaranteeing the lender against some or all loss caused by default of the borrower.

Lender Participation Guidelines

3.1 Lender Participation Guidelines

The Program is restricted to lenders who meet these requirements:

- Are approved as a Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac seller/servicer in good standing if
 originating conventional loans, approved as an FHA mortgage originator if
 originating FHA loans, approved as a VA mortgage originator if originating VA
 loans, or approved as a USDA mortgage originator if originating USDA loans;
- 2. Have an office physically located in North Carolina that has originated residential mortgages for at least one (1) year; 6 months under certain conditions (see website).
- 3. Must originate, process, underwrite, close and fund the loan in your own name;
- 4. Are in compliance with applicable minimum capital requirements imposed by federal banking laws and regulations;
- 5. Are approved by NCHFA and the Master Servicer;
- 6. Are not under supervisory control of, or subject to, enforcement proceedings by federal banking regulators with respect to any violations or alleged violations of federal banking laws or regulations.
- 7. Have a net company asset worth of \$1,000,000 (subject to change);
- 8. Be approved by our Agency and our Master Servicer, and execute a Mortgage Origination Agreement with both; and

9. Complete lender training with NCHFA staff. Loan officers are required to attend in-person training before offering NCHFA loan products. Whenever possible, Operations Staff are encouraged to attend in-person training, however attendance at NCHFA conducted webinars, required as indicated, will satisfy the training requirement. All staff who will originate, process, underwrite, close, or have access to NCHFA's On Line Lender Services system (OLS) must remain current on NCHFA program guidelines and requirements. All staff with access to the OLS must receive training before being issued a User ID by the Lender's System Administrator. After issuing a User ID, the system administrator must notify NCHFA of the new user, including their information, and most recent training date. Loan officers must complete in-person training annually or remain current on NCHFA programs by closing at least 3 loans in a rolling 12-month year.

By becoming an approved lender and participating in the Program, the lender understands and agrees that the Agency reserves the right to suspend the lender's ability to make new locks under the Program if the lender has outstanding fees, late documents, excessive withdrawal of locks, or for any other reason as determined by the Agency in its sole discretion.

Any lender which does not close a minimum of ten (10) loans with NCHFA in a calendar year may be removed from the program at the Agency's discretion. The Agency may also remove the lender from the Participating Lender list published on the Agency website until which time the lender meets the ten (10) loan threshold.

3.2 Online Lender Services System (OLS)

To reserve an NC Home Advantage MortgageTM loan, the lender must access the Online Lender Services System (OLS) at http://www.nchfa.org/ols/login.aspx. To create a new NC Home Advantage MortgageTM lock, click the NC Home Advantage MortgageTM reservation link on OLS home page, left menu.

OLS will guide you through a multi-step process for creation and submission of the lock. You will use the [Continue>>] button to navigate through these steps.

OLS access is granted by the Lender's System Administrator. Access is restricted to Loan Officers and Operations Staff who have met NCHFA training requirements.

It is important that you have all the requested loan information available to you at the time you are locking the NC Home Advantage MortgageTM loan as the data cannot be saved partially completed. If at any time during the lock process you choose to cancel, all previously entered information will be lost.

At the Final Review step, once you have reviewed your input, you will click the [Submit!] button. This will generate a confirmation e-mail and lock your rate. This will also start the closing and delivery timelines required under the program. Note that the confirmation page displays your NCHFA Loan Number. Please use this loan number when corresponding with NCHFA concerning this loan.

3.3 Record Retention

NCHFA may perform random reviews of lender records pertaining to NCHFA's NC Home Advantage MortgageTM program. Therefore, the originating lender is required to maintain for a period of 36 months a copy of the entire loan file, appraisal, and credit package, including closing package.

3.4 Annual Recertification Requirements

On an annual basis, each lender will be required to electronically recertify that it is still in compliance with NCHFA mortgage origination guidelines and reconfirm lender locations and loan officer additions/subtractions. The designated corporate contact for each participating lender will receive an e-mail from NCHFA that contains a single-purpose password and user ID for performing the recertification process. There is a \$375 fee invoiced at the end of the recertification process which participating lenders are required to remit within 30 days of recertification. Failure to recertify may prohibit future participation in NCHFA programs.

In addition, the Master Servicer may require an annual recertification as well.

3.5 Program Guide Updates & Revisions

Revisions of or supplements to this Program Guide may be made from time to time. Information contained in the NC Home Advantage MortgageTM Program Guide is subject to change. It is the lender's responsibility to provide NCHFA with correct e-mail contact information. (To search our Guides, use Ctrl + F for PCs and Command + F for Apples.)

3.6 Master Servicer Contact Information

Below is the contact information for ServiSolutions, which is the Master Servicer for the NC Home Advantage MortgageTM loans. Each participating lender must be approved by NCHFA and the Master Servicer through the execution of a Mortgage Origination Agreement. Below is the contact information for the Master Servicer (subject to change):

Master Servicer: Alabama Housing Finance Authority, doing business as

ServiSolutions

Contact e-mail: lenderinquiries@servsol.com (for general questions)

RevisionQuestionsNCHFA@ahfa.com (for servicing questions)

Address: ServiSolutions

Final Documents

7460 Halcyon Pointe Drive, Suite 200

Montgomery, AL 36117

(334)-244-9200

ServiSolutions provides answers to frequently answered questions on its website at http://servsol.com/lenders/lender_faqs.aspx. Should you have any questions concerning their guidelines, please contact ServiSolutions at (334) 244-9200 or lenderinquiries@servsol.com.

It is the lender's responsibility to understand all ServiSolutions requirements for delivery of loans and requirements for purchase of closed loans under the Program.

Please refer to the ServiSolutions closing package checklist at <u>www.servsol.com</u>.

3.7 Lender Compensation

The lender shall be paid a fixed amount as a servicing release premium (SRP) for all eligible loans under the NC Home Advantage Mortgage program that also meet the guidelines of FHA, VA, USDA, or Fannie Mae. The SRP amount is 2.5% for FHA, VA, and USDA. The SRP amount for conventional loans is 1.75%. The SRP is paid on the net

balance of the 1st mortgage when purchased by the Master Servicer. SRPs may be changed with 60 days' notice by NCHFA to lender.

Please note extension and penalty fees for late and non-delivery in Section 9.

3.8 Lender's Responsibility to Report Violations

The lender and its personnel are required to report to NCHFA any violations of state or federal laws, regulations, false statements, and program abuses within 30 days of occurrence. Any reports or notifications in this regard made to Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac, FHA, VA, or USDA must also be reported to NCHFA in a timely manner.

Loan Eligibility Guidelines

The following section details the various loan options available to participating lenders and their eligible borrowers.

4.1 NC Home Advantage MortgageTM Loan Program Overview

The NC Home Advantage MortgageTM program offers all eligible borrowers (not just first-time homebuyers) affordable mortgage financing. NCHFA does not make the loan(s) directly to the borrower; instead, its designated Master Servicer purchases eligible loans from its participating lenders.

To be eligible, all borrowers must:

- 1. Meet FHA, VA, USDA, or Conventional industry guidelines. For example, follow standard industry guidelines for seller contribution, student loans, bankruptcy, foreclosure, etc.
- 2. Have incomes within the established limits, currently \$87,500 statewide. (If the NC Home Advantage MortgageTM is paired with an MCC, the MCC income guidelines apply.)
- 3. Have a maximum DTI ratio of 43%.
- 4. Have at least two (2) credit scores per borrower, the mid or low score must be 640 or better, and receive an AUS approval.
- 5. Occupy and maintain the property as a principal residence.

Borrowers applying for the NC 1st Home Advantage Mortgage Down Payment must comply with all NC Home Advantage guidelines as well as the guidelines established for IRS tax-exempt mortgage revenue bond funded mortgages. See Section 10 of this Program Guide for complete details.

4.2 Eligible Loan Types

NCHFA accepts 30-year fixed-rate FHA, VA, USDA and Fannie Mae HFA Preferred Conventional loan types under its NC Home Advantage MortgageTM program. FHA loan types include FHA 203(b) loans and condominium 234(c) loans.

All loans financed under the NC Home Advantage MortgageTM program must be purchase transactions. Both repeat buyers and first-time homebuyers are eligible for the 3% and 5% down payment options, but borrowers may only have one outstanding NCHFA loan at a time.

A Refer AUS finding is not eligible on our programs.

1. FHA Loan Program

NCHFA offers 30-year fixed-rate loans insured by the Federal Housing Administration. These loans are underwritten to FHA and program guidelines. The lender must submit FHA loans through an automated underwriting system approved by FHA and NCHFA. FHA/VA loans may use either LP or DU.

The FHA Award Letter must be signed by the borrower(s) at or before closing if 2^{nd} mortgage, subordinate lien is attached.

2. VA Loan Program

NCHFA offers 30-year fixed-rate loans guaranteed by the Veterans Administration. These loans are underwritten to VA and program guidelines. The lender must submit VA loans through an automated underwriting system approved by VA and NCHFA.

3. USDA Loan Program

NCHFA offers 30-year fixed-rate loans guaranteed by the US Department of Agriculture. Lenders must use USDA's Guaranteed Underwriting System (GUS). All loans must receive a GUS Accept credit recommendation.

4. Conventional Loan Program

NCHFA offers 30-year fixed-rate loans under the HFA Preferred program by Fannie Mae. These loans are underwritten to Fannie Mae and program guidelines under FNMA's "HFA Preferred" program.

Conventional loans must be run through Fannie Mae's Desktop Underwriter (DU); use of Loan Prospector (LP) is not permitted for conventional loans. HFA Preferred is available through DU using the "Additional Data" screen; select "HFA Preferred." Loans with a DU recommendation of Approve/Eligible are eligible for DU's Limited Waiver of representations and warranties. Qualifying ratios, reserves, and income requirements are determined by DU. Special Feature Code (SFC) 741 should be used to identify all HFA Preferred loans; and other SFCs as applicable.

All loans must receive an AUS Approve/Eligible credit recommendation. If the information reflected on the final application (Form 1003) differs from the data submitted to the automated underwriting system (AUS), NCHFA may ask the lender to re-run the submission. The post-closing package must contain the final approved 1003 and AUS findings. Unapproved changes may result in a loan that is ineligible for purchase.

4.3 Mortgage Insurance Coverage Requirements

As a special feature under the HFA Preferred program, mortgage insurance coverage is significantly less than a traditional conventional loan. The coverage factors for a loan designated "HFA Preferred" in DU is as follows:

	MI Factor
Loan to Value	Required
95.01-97%	18%

90.01-95%	16%
85.01-90%	12%
80.01-85%	6%

Use the applicable MI rates for the coverage a factor listed above. Rates may vary by PMI provider. Borrower paid single premium, split premium, and monthly MI are all acceptable. In all cases using MI, the max LTV cannot exceed 97% and the CLTV 105%. Financed and Lender-paid MI is not acceptable.

4.4 Escrow Holdbacks and Repairs

Loans requiring repair escrows are acceptable. However, the lender must follow ServiSolutions guidelines before proceeding. Approved repairs typically include paint (interior and exterior), carpet, appliances, roofing, minor exterior repairs such as facia boards, eaves, gutters and window replacements.

ServiSolutions[®] does not require prior approval of escrow hold backs. The lender must maintain a copy of the escrow agreement and copies of work bid estimates. The escrow agreement usually gives the list of repairs, cost of repairs, total price of the holdback (150% of repair unless it is a HUD repo, then it is 110%) and who will hold/disburse the funds. Funds cannot exceed \$10,000 and work must be completed within 10 days of closing. Please send information requests to: MCHFAescrow@ahfa.com. Go to www.servsol.com for details.

The lender is responsible for ensuring that the borrower, property, and other aspects of the loan meet the particular insurer and servicing guidelines of the loan type chosen. Credit score requirements are specified in Section 5 and apply to all borrowers on the loan.

4.5 Ineligible Loans / Loan Types

The following loans and loan types are not eligible for financing under the NC Home Advantage MortgageTM program:

- Refinances (purchase transactions only)
- Vacation homes or "second homes"

- USDA Direct 502
- HUD 184 loans
- FHA 203k Renovation loans
- Rebuttable Presumption loans

High priced mortgage loans (HPML) are acceptable if all federal guidelines and Master Servicer guidelines are met. **High cost** mortgage loans (HCML) are <u>not</u> accepted.

4.6 Down Payment Assistance (DPA) – 3% and 5%

Down payment assistance (DPA) is available to all homebuyers who qualify for an NC Home Advantage MortgageTM loan from one of our participating lenders. Income limits are the same for borrowers whether they choose our DPA or not. In addition, the same minimum FICO credit scores and DTI limits apply, regardless of whether the borrower uses DPA. [See Section 10 of this Program Guide for complete details on \$8,000 DPA).

Eligible borrowers can borrow up to 5% of the first mortgage total loan amount for FHA, VA and USDA (when available) loans and up to 3% of the first mortgage loan amount for conventional loans, at 0% interest.

The DPA is provided as a 15-year deferred/forgiven subordinate lien. The DPA is deferred for the first 10 years and forgiven by 20% each year at the end of years 11 through 15. After 15 years, the loan is fully forgiven. Repayment of the DPA (any portion not yet forgiven) is due and payable only when the house is sold or refinanced before year 15 or there is a breach of the Promissory Note.

Key NC Home Advantage Mortgage 3% & 5% DPA Highlights:

- 15 year deferred/subordinate lien
- Forgiven at 20% per year, at end of years 11-15
- 0% interest rate on DPA
- Repayable when home is sold or refinanced before year 15, or borrower breaches the Promissory Note
- 3% or 5%, depending on loan type and borrower selction, calculated on total loan amount
- 1003 Qualifying Income limit
- Not restricted to first-time home buyers

The NC 1st Home Advantage Mortgage Down Payment is a special \$8,000 DPA for first-time home buyers or qualifying military veterans who meet all the guidelines established for IRS bond funded mortgages as well as NC Home Advantage guidelines. See Section 10 of this Program Guide Advantage Mortgage for complete details.

NCHFA does not offer stand-alone subordinate liens. The DPA is not assumable.

The DPA must be in compliance with all federal and state statutes, rules and regulations, as amended from time to time including, but not limited to, RESPA and mortgage loan servicing regulations, and secured by a residential second-lien mortgage against the borrower's principal residence located within the State.

A separate Loan Estimate (LE) is required for the subordinate mortgage. **No attorney fees may be charged on the second mortgage (DPA).** Allowable fees are a Housing Counseling fee, a recording fee (cost to record at the register of deed's office), and an application fee. There is no prescribed allowable amount for these fees per the CFPB under the Partial Exemption rule, but must be reasonable, normal, and customary.

The lender must repurchase from NCHFA any DPA upon the occurrence of any of the following events:

- The lender breaches any covenant, warranty or representation in the Mortgage Origination Agreement or this Program Guide,
- The DPA is defective arising from the origination, closing or delivery of the DPA to the Master Servicer,
- The DPA documents are not delivered in a timely manner or in the form described in the Program Guide,
- The DPA does not conform to the terms of its commitment or approval as per the Program Guide,
- Any request by the Master Servicer to repurchase the related first mortgage loan,
- Lender makes any warranty or representation under the Mortgage Origination Agreement which, in the sole discretion of NCHFA or the Master Servicer, is determined to be false at the time when made by the Lender. Such representations or warranties include any fraud, material misrepresentation, or material act of

omission regarding information submitted for the DPA or related first mortgage, regardless of whether the lender had knowledge.

The repurchase of any DPA will be equal to the unpaid balance of the Note plus any interest, attorneys fees, legal expenses, court costs or other expenses that have been incurred by NCHFA or the Master Servicer regarding the DPA.

a) General Down Payment Assistance Program (DPA) Guidelines

The NC 1st Home Advantage Mortgage Down Payment \$8,000 cannot be combined with the MCC program or the 3% or 5% DPA options from NCHFA.

DPA cannot be used to pay negative equity (the property appraises for less than the sales price), nor to pay extension fees, or to pay off debts, collections, or judgements.

In addition, the borrower can obtain subordinate financing from other sources that also meet FHA, VA, USDA, and conventional guidelines.

Gift funds are eligible as long as the loan type (i.e., FHA, USDA, VA or conventional) allows them. Conventional loans must also comply with any requirements of the PMI company used.

*DPA for USDA may not be available when rates exceed USDA's maximum rate thresholds. The lender is responsible to verify rate meets USDA guidelines.

b) Minimum Investment

No minimum investment is required from the borrower. Follow the AUS findings and all industry guidelines for loan type. All funds for down payment and closing may come from the borrower's funds, a gift, seller contribution to closing expenses, down payment assistance, or grant. The borrower(s) may NOT receive DPA funds back at closing. All DPA funds must be used for Down Payment or Closing Expenses. Adjustments to the loan amount at closing in excess of \$250.00 must be approved by NCHFA prior to closing the loan, and a new commitment must be issued.

c) Maximum Asset Limitation

There is no maximum asset limitation for the borrower.

d) Funding of the DPA by Participating Lender

The lender must fund the subordinate DPA mortgage at closing, except for CPLP subordinate mortgages.

The subordinate DPA mortgage must be closed in North Carolina Housing Finance Agency's name using our Note and Deed of Trust. Forms 405 and 406 are available on our website at www.nchfa.com.

The Master Servicer will purchase the first mortgage and NCHFA DPA from the lender after the approval of the closed loan by the Master Servicer, with the exception of CPLP subordinates which will be funded by NCHFA at closing. The Lender must use the ServiSolutions checklist(s) for delivery.

ServiSolutions requires a copy of the NCHFA Commitment to be included as part of the closing package which is uploaded via OLS. For FHA loans, at the time the lender obtains the Commitment Letter, the document will also contain a Down Payment Assistance (DPA) Award Letter and a Legally Enforceable Obligation Letter pursuant to HUD Mortgagee Letter 2013-14 and HUD Handbook 4000.1 II.A.4.d.ii.(C) The lender must provide a copy of the Down Payment Assistance (DPA) Award Letter and the Legally Enforceable Obligation Letter executed by the Borrower(s) in the FHA case binder as well as the closed loan file electronically delivered to ServiSolutions by upload in OLS.

4.7 Lien Position Policy

At time of closing, NCHFA will take a lower lien position on down payment assistance loans only if the subordinate lien is from another governmental agency or non-profit subordinate mortgage.

The subordinate lien must be from an eligible source for NCHFA to take a lower lien position. All subordinate financing must meet investor and federal regulatory mortgage guidelines.

4.8 Principal Reduction Policy

No Principal Reduction is allowed at closing, although minor adjustments may be considered for amounts under \$250.00. If a loan reduction is necessary, then the Lender must have the loan reapproved by NCHFA prior to closing.

4.9 Subordination Policy for Refinances (DPA)

To be eligible for subordination on the down payment assistance (DPA):

- 1. The age of the second mortgage must be at least 7 years old from the date of closing (84 months).
- 2. The refinance of the first mortgage must not allow any cash back to the borrower(s) except for a refund of Paid Outside Closing (POC) items paid during the processing of the new mortgage, such as an appraisal fee.
- 3. The new first mortgage Principal and Interest (P&I) payment must be lower than the current first mortgage P&I payment. Exception: Reduction in loan term from 30 years to 25 or fewer years.
- 4. The new first mortgage must be a fixed rate loan. (Credit union ARM loans may be permitted).
- 5. Only one (1) subordination is allowed.
- 6. The subordination, if approved, will retain NCHFA's lien position. If the current NCHFA subordinate lien position is second, then the subordinated lien retains the second lien position.
- 7. Closing costs may be financed into the new loan if allowed by the new loan product. The request for subordination will be denied if the sum of any Loan Origination Fee(s) and/or Commitment fees exceeds 2% of the new first mortgage loan amount.
- 8. Subordinations will be allowed if the new first mortgage is a reverse mortgage.
- 9. A non-refundable processing fee of \$250 must be submitted with the subordination request documents. The check must be payable to North Carolina Housing Finance Agency. No personal checks allowed. Any changes made after NCHFA's subordination approval will require an additional non-refundable processing fee of

\$250. (Note: No fee(s) will be charged if the source of funding for the subordinate loan is HOME funds.)

10. Email requests to: **subordinations@nchfa.com**

Borrower Eligibility Guidelines

(Eligibility for the NC 1st Home Advantage Mortgage Down Payment may be different. Consult section 10 of this Program Guide for complete details.

Lenders must review the borrower requirements of this section to ensure the eligibility of mortgages to be purchased in the program.

The lender is responsible for ensuring the borrower's compliance with various program requirements, including the income limit requirement.

5.1 Borrower Requirements

- 1. Borrower(s) shall occupy the property as a principal residence within sixty (60) days after loan closing.
- 2. Borrowers do not have to be first-time homebuyers. Move-up/repeat buyers are also eligible for the 3% and 5% down payment. (See Section 10 of the Program Guide for the NC 1st Home Advantage Mortgage Down Payment).
- 3. Only permanent, legal residents are eligible for the NC Home Advantage program if they meet all FHA and or FNMA residency requirements as specified in their investor guidelines. (Guidelines for the NC 1st Home Advantage Mortgage Down Payment may be different).
- 4. Pre-purchase education is required for first-time homebuyers.

5.2 Pre-Purchase Education Requirement for First-Time Homebuyers

Pre-purchase education is required for first-time homebuyers. The Lender should submit evidence of pre-purchase education via a certificate as part of the document upload to NCHFA prior to issuance of NCHFA's Commitment. FHA, HUD, Fannie-Mae or Freddie Mac approved on-line or in-person pre-purchase education programs are acceptable. If the loan has more than one borrower, and one of the borrowers is not a first-time homebuyer, then no pre-purchase education certificate is required. CPLP loans require in-person training or a NCHFA approved on-line class. Contact your CPLP member partner for more information.

5.3 Income Limits

Borrower(s) must meet the income limits for the program, and lenders must calculate income using the procedures outlined in this section. Please note that if the NC Home Advantage MortgageTM product is paired with an MCC, then the MCC income guidelines must be followed. (Guidelines for the NC 1st Home Advantage Mortgage Down Payment are the same as MCC income guidelines, please consult Section 10 in this Program Guide for full details.)

Qualifying income is defined by FHA, VA, USDA, or Fannie Mae HFA Preferred industry guidelines. The NC Home Advantage MortgageTM program does not count household income of non-borrower individuals. NCHFA will use the income specified on the final application (1003) for compliance. (Guidelines for the NC 1st Home Advantage Mortgage Down Payment may be different; see Section 10).

Income limits are a single statewide limit for the NC Home Advantage MortgageTM product, unless it is paired with an MCC in which case the county-by-county MCC household income limits apply. Our income limits are subject to change. (**Guidelines for the NC 1**st **Home Advantage Mortgage Down Payment may be different; see Section 10).**

Current income limits can be found on our website at www.nchfa.com or via OLS at www.nchfa.org/OLS/login.aspx.

5.4 Ratios

The maximum debt-to-income ratio for all loan types with or without down payment assistance is 43.0%. These ratio maximums apply to all NC Home Advantage MortgageTM loans regardless of the AUS recommendation. There is no front ratio limit at this time.

5.5 Credit Score Requirements

All loans must receive an AUS Approve/Eligible credit recommendation (DU/GUS/FHA Total Scorecard. LP allowed on FHA/VA only). **In addition, all borrower(s) must have a minimum of two credit scores**, the lowest or mid-score being 640 or higher. Both borrower and co-borrower must meet these credit score minimum thresholds, including any GNMA, FNMA or MI company minimum credit scores, if applicable.

To determine the applicable minimum credit score, the lender should first evaluate each borrower separately. The applicable credit score is the lower score when two credit scores are obtained or the middle score when three credit scores are obtained.

Borrower(s) with only one score or no credit scores are not eligible for the program.

If more than one individual is applying for the same mortgage, the lender should determine the applicable credit score for each individual borrower and then select the lowest applicable score from the group as the "representative" credit score for the mortgage. The "representative" credit score for the mortgage should be used to underwrite and evaluate the comprehensive risk for the mortgage application.

NCHFA does not accept loans with non-traditional credit histories, no credit scores, or borrower(s) with one credit score.

5.6 Collections Policy

Industry standards for payment of collections vary based on loan type. The Automated Underwriting Systems [Desktop Underwriter (DU), Desktop Originator (DO), FHA Total Scorecard or Guaranteed Underwriting System (GUS)] must show that all collections were included in the final AUS Findings analysis.

All judgments regardless of the balance must be paid in full prior to or at closing or meet industry guidelines for repayment, if applicable.

5.7 Bankruptcy Policy

The participating lender should follow industry standards regarding bankruptcy waiting periods which may vary based on loan type. NCHFA does not have a standalone policy regarding prior or existing bankruptcy waiting periods.

5.8 Short Sales/Foreclosures

The participating lender should follow industry standards regarding short sale/foreclosure waiting periods which may vary based on loan type. NCHFA does not have a standalone policy regarding short sales or foreclosures.

5.9 Flip Properties

The participating lender should follow industry standards regarding flip transaction waiting periods which may vary based on loan type. NCHFA does not have a standalone policy regarding flip transactions.

NON-ARMS LENGTH transactions must follow industry guidelines.

Property Eligibility Guidelines

Lenders must review the property requirements of this section to ensure the eligibility of mortgages to be purchased in the program.

6.1 Property Requirements

There is no NCHFA sales price limit for a home financed through the NC Home Advantage MortgageTM program unless the NC Home Advantage MortgageTM is paired with an MCC. Sales price limits are determined by the loan program and insurer guidelines. (Guidelines for the NC 1st Home Advantage Mortgage Down Payment may be different).

- a) The residence must be in North Carolina and must be eligible for mortgage insurance under FHA, VA, USDA, or conventional guidelines as a principal residence.
- **b)** Eligible Property Types by Loan type (up to 97% LTV, 3% & 5% DPA):

FHA, USDA, VA Eligible Properties

- Single family detached or semi-detached
- Townhomes
- Condos
- Modular homes new or existing
- Duplexes (FHA 3% & 5%)
- Manufactured Homes (new, never occupied; double-wide or greater only)

Conventional Eligible Properties

- Single family detached or semidetached
- Townhomes
- Condos
- Modular Homes—new or existing; off-Frame only

Note: Duplexes NOT eligible under the conventional program.

- **c) Manufactured homes** have certain requirements that are more restrictive than other property types. These include the following:
 - a. 660 credit score or higher
 - b. New construction only (never previously occupied)
 - c. Must be on permanent foundation and taxed as real estate
 - d. Appraisal must be on Form 1004C
 - e. ALTA 7.1-06 title endorsement required

6.2 Repairs and Escrows for Completion

Repairs to the property and escrows for completion are handled by the originating lender and must be completed according to Master Servicer requirements. Master Servicer's requirements can be located at http://www.servsol.com/.

Loans requiring repair escrows are acceptable. However, the lender must follow ServiSolutions' guidelines before proceeding. Approved repairs typically include paint (interior and exterior), carpet, appliances, roofing, minor exterior repairs such as facia boards, eaves, gutters and window replacements.

ServiSolutions® does not require prior approval of escrow hold backs. The lender must maintain a copy of the escrow agreement and copies of work bid estimates. The escrow agreement usually gives the list of repairs, cost of repairs, total price of the holdback (150% of repair unless it is a HUD repo, then it is 110%) and who will hold/disburse the funds. Funds cannot exceed \$10,000 and work must be completed within 10 days of closing. Please send information requests to: NCHFAescrow@ahfa.com. Go to www.servsol.com for details.

6.3 Owning More Than One Home

If the borrower(s) intends to retain ownership in more than one residence after closing, including rental, vacation, or second homes, the lender must verify that the borrower(s) are eligible for financing according to industry guidelines from FNMA, FHA, VA, or USDA.

The NC 1st Home Mortgage Advantage Down Payment prohibits ownership of any other home.

In no case may a borrower have more than one (1) loan outstanding from NCHFA at a time.

6.4 Property Appraisal Condition Requirements

Eligible property conditions are C1, C2, C3, and C4.

If the URAR appraisal indicates a C5 and C6 property condition, it is not eligible for NCHFA programs or financing. The property condition will be shown on the Uniform Appraisal from a licensed property inspector.

All homes must have a working HVAC system and meet all appraisal and/or repair inspection requirements.

Loan Origination and Underwriting Steps

7.1 General

Eligible borrowers apply for the NC Home Advantage MortgageTM program at participating lenders by completing a standard mortgage application. If the loan meets the applicable credit and underwriting guidelines, the lender would enter the requested information and lock the loan in OLS, starting the 60-day lock and establishing the Lock-In Expiration Date, the date by which the Master Servicer must purchase the loan. After locking the loan, the lender must upload the requested documents for NCHFA's review prior to closing. Once NCHFA approves the documents, it issues a Commitment, pending the Master Servicer's approval of the loan post-closing. In no instance should any NC Home Advantage MortgageTM loan close without a Commitment from NCHFA.

Documents required to be uploaded via OLS electronically should be submitted as early as possible, but not **before** the final underwriting review has been completed, to allow sufficient time for NCHFA to review the file and for the lender to make corrections. NCHFA will review files on a first-come, first-served basis within 48 hours of receipt. This policy also applies to any additional or revised documentation which is submitted at a later date.

7.2 NCHFA Normal Review Time

Every effort will be made to review all loans within 48 hours of submission to NCHFA via the OLS portal. Pend conditions may take an additional 48 hours to review, after the last condition has been received.

7.3 Perfect Submissions

NC 1st Home Advantage Mortgage Down Payment and Mortgage Credit Certificate (MCC) loans are eligible for perfect submission rewards. Any submitter with three (3) perfect MRB loans or MCC files within a calendar month is eligible to request a RUSH on one loan submission the following month.

7.4 Loan Origination

Borrowers and non-borrowing occupants are required to meet all FHA, VA, USDA, or Fannie Mae HFA Preferred industry guidelines, and loans must be eligible for FHA insurance, VA or USDA guarantee, or private mortgage insurance (PMI). Conventional loans may use any Fannie Mae and ServiSolutions approved PMI company. Conventional loans equal to or less than 80% LTV do not require PMI.

Note: The following procedures outlined here suggest the typical sequence of events for NC Home Advantage MortgageTM loans:

- 1. Borrower reviews program details or visits our website at www.nchfa.com and schedules an appointment with a participating lender.
- 2. If the preliminary screening indicates that the borrower meets NC Home Advantage MortgageTM program guidelines and the loan meets FHA, VA, USDA, or conventional underwriting guidelines, the lender takes a formal application.
- 3. Lender verifies that borrower's income, DTI ratio, and industry guidelines are met. The lender's underwriting staff runs AUS Findings and completes a formal underwriting review of the loan file.
- 4. If DPA funds are part of the transaction, a separate Loan Estimate (LE) is required for the subordinate mortgage. **No attorney fees may be charged on the second mortgage (DPA).** Allowable fees are a Housing Counseling fee, a recording fee (cost to record at the register of deed's office), and an application fee. There is no prescribed allowable amount for these fees per the CFPB, but must be reasonable and customary.

5. All loans must receive an AUS Approve/Eligible credit recommendation (DU/GUS/FHA Total Scorecard). In addition, all borrower(s) must have a <u>minimum of two credit scores</u>, the lowest score being 640. For conventional loans, only loans that are DU eligible are allowed (LP is not accepted for these loans). LP is acceptable for FHA and VA.

To determine the single applicable credit score, the lender should first evaluate each borrower separately. The single applicable credit score is the lower score when two credit scores are obtained or the middle score when three credit scores are obtained.

If the borrower(s) only has one credit score, they are not eligible for financing.

- 6. NCHFA will not accept loans with non-traditional credit histories or those with only one credit score, regardless of the loan type.
- 7. After the lender has underwritten the borrower loan file, the lender will access the Online Lender Services System (OLS) (http://www.nchfa.org/ols/login.aspx) and input the loan information and print the lock confirmation form. Once this step is complete, the interest rate is locked for a period of 60 days. Expired locks are subject to a mark-to-market fee based on market conditions at the time the loan is purchased. To avoid a mark-to-market fee, an extension must be requested via OLS, for which extension fees apply.
- 8. After the rate is locked and the loan has received final underwriting approval and prior to closing, the lender must upload the documents required for NCHFA's review via OLS. See Section 7.3 for details on documents to upload.
- 9. Once all required documents are uploaded, NCHFA will review the documents within 48 hours. NCHFA will notify the lender via OLS if there are any issues to be addressed with the uploaded documents. If the documents are approved, NCHFA will issue a Commitment via e-mail to the participating lender. For an FHA loan with DPA, the printing of the Commitment will also include a Down Payment Assistance Award Letter which the lender will provide to the borrower as well as a Legally Enforceable Obligation Letter pursuant to HUD Mortgagee Letter 2013-14 and HUD Handbook 4000.1 II.A.4.d.ii.(C).

NCHFA reserves the right to reject any mortgage loan application if, in its sole discretion, NCHFA believes the mortgage loans do not comply with all rules, procedures and guidelines set forth in this Program Guide.

7.5 Pre-Closing Forms/Documents Required

The participating lender shall upload via OLS the following documents prior to closing an NC Home Advantage MortgageTM loan:

- 1. Final Uniform Residential Loan Application (Form 1003)
- 2. Automated Underwriting System (AUS) Findings (final)
- 3. Uniform Residential Appraisal Report (URAR), all pages
- 4. Loan Estimate (LE) on 1st
- 5. Loan Estimate (LE) on the 2nd
- 6. Proof of homebuyer's homeownership education (if first-time home buyer)
- 7. Form-026 Notice to Borrower, if utilizing Down Payment Assistance (DPA)

Please note that if the NC Home Advantage MortgageTM loan is paired with an MCC, the MCC guidelines for documents required must be followed and take precedence.

Once all documents are uploaded, NCHFA reviews the submission package for completeness and verifies income and ratios according to program guidelines.

If the submission package is acceptable, NCHFA will provide a Commitment, which the lender can print via OLS. No NC Home Advantage MortgageTM loan may close without a formal approval and Loan Commitment from NCHFA. Any loan that closes before our approval may be subject to non-purchase by Servicer or penalty fee.

If the loan is an FHA loan and has DPA associated with it, the Commitment letter will also contain a Down Payment Assistance (DPA) Award Letter and a Legally Enforceable Obligation Letter.

The Master Servicer will purchase a 1st mortgage loan and a DPA loan in a specified amount from the lender on evidence of compliance with the NC Home AdvantageTM program requirements and the closing of the mortgage loan.

Note: Any changes on Form 1003 or to the AUS findings, after the issuance of the Commitment Letter may render the loan subject to non-purchase. A Loan Estimate (LE) is always required on the 2nd mortgage. No attorney fees can be charged on the 2nd mortgage.

7.6 Loan Closing After NCHFA Issues Commitment

- 1. No NC Home Advantage MortgageTM loan may be closed without NCHFA's Commitment prior to loan closing. Any loan that closes before our approval may be subject to non-purchase by Servicer or penalty fee.
- 2. The lender should provide copies of the following documents to the closing attorney prior to closing (forms available at www.servsol.com):
 - Early Default Notification
 - Quality Control Certification and Authorization

These documents are found on the ServiSolutions website in the following link: www.servsol.com/lenders/nchfa_documents.aspx.

- 3. If the loan does not meet all program and industry guidelines, the loan will not be purchased by the Master Servicer. Contact an NCHFA underwriter if you have any questions.
- 4. Lender closes the loan following its normal procedure. If using NCHFA DPA, make sure to use Form 405 NC Home Advantage MortgageTM DPA Deed of Trust and Form 406 NC Home Advantage MortgageTM DPA Promissory Note, available on the NCHFA website.
- 5. We require all our participating lenders to be MERS® members.

Steps for MERS® Members

- a. Generate a MIN (Mortgage Identification Number) within your system and place the MIN on the Deed of Trust.
- b. Use the MOM (MERS as Original Mortgagee) Deed of Trust form.

- c. Register the loan in your name with the MERS® System using your MERS Org.
 ID as Servicer and Investor within 10 business days of closing.
- d. Initiate Transfer of Beneficial Rights (TOB) and Transfer of Servicing Rights (TOS) or combined TOS/TOB to ServiSolutions.

Servicer	ORG ID
ServiSolutions	1002536

- 6. Lender should further instruct the closing attorney/agent as follows:
 - a. The borrower(s) may not be charged discount points.
 - b. The mortgage payment must include amounts to pay the property taxes and all applicable insurances.
 - c. The maximum principal reduction at closing cannot exceed \$250.00.
 - d. The Trustee fee on all Deeds of Trust must be 5%.
 - e. If the borrower is receiving DPA, the Closing Disclosure for the first mortgage must reflect the correct subordinate financing calculation. An initial and a final CD are required on the 2nd mortgage per ServiSolutions' funding checklist available at www.servsol.com.
 - f. Homeowners' and flood insurance mortgagee clauses:

1st Mortgage:

ServiSolutions a department of Alabama Housing Finance Authority ServiSolutions

Its successors and/or assigns, as their interest may appear

PO Box 242967

Montgomery, AL 36124-2967

7.7 Interest Credit

ServiSolutions will allow an interest credit through the 5th of the month.

7.8 Interim Servicing

Until the closed loan is formally purchased by the Master Servicer, the originating lender must process all mortgage payments, including servicing of the loan. Lender is required to follow all federal and state requirements for proper servicing of customer payments.

Bi-weekly payments are not allowed on the NC Home Advantage program loans.

7.9 Hazard Insurance Requirements

Note that the maximum hazard insurance deductible per ServiSolutions for government loans (FHA, VA, USDA) is the greater of \$2,500 or 2.5% of the face amount of the policy. The flood insurance deductible on a conventional loan may not exceed \$2,000.

2nd Mortgagee – <u>NCHFA Subordinate Loan (DPA) - Additional Mortgagee Clause</u>
North Carolina Housing Finance Agency
Its successors and/or assigns, as their interest may appear
PO Box 28066
Raleigh, NC 27611-8066

7.10 Electronic Signatures

Electronic Signatures are allowed on certain Agency forms and industry forms, subject to these general rules, that the e-Signature must be e-Sign or UETA compliant.

The use of e-signatures is voluntary, but lender transactions utilizing e-signatures must meet the following standards:

- a) NCHFA does not accept documents that have been signed solely via voice or audio. The electronic signature and date should be clearly visible on any and all documents when viewed electronically and on a paper copy of an e-signed third-party document.
- b) For borrowers that are entities, the signatory must be a representative who is duly authorized in writing to bind the entity;
- c) Evidence of such written authority must be maintained by Lender;

- d) Lenders are not permitted to have borrowers sign documents in blank or with incomplete documents;
- e) E-signatures and the accompanying dates must be clearly visible on all e-signed documents; and
- f) E-signatures are **NOT permitted** on promissory notes, deeds of trust, mortgages, documents that require notarization or witnesses, or transactions utilizing a power of attorney.

7.11 Power of Attorney (POA) Guidelines

- 1. NCHFA will accept Powers of Attorney (POA) if it meets certain criteria. In ALL CASES the POA must be provided to NCHFA PRIOR to approval of our loan and before closing. POAs may be used on NCHFA forms including the Deed of Trust and Promissory Note if they meet the criteria below and all legal requirements under NC State Real Estate law. Nothing below supersedes federal or state laws.
- 2. The **criteria for use** of a POA on any document in the NC Home Advantage program is as follows:
 - a) The power of attorney used for signature on a deed of trust or deed (or other recorded document) must be recorded in the county where the property is located prior to our documents being recorded. The date of the power of attorney must be valid as of the time of execution of our closing documents.
 - b) The name on the power of attorney must match the name of the person on the loan documents for which that person is acting as attorney in fact for.
 - c) The power of attorney must be notarized (so it can be recorded) and in recordable form.
 - d) The preferred wording for a POA is for it to be a specific power of attorney and reference the specific subject property address. It is not required by NC Statutue, but is recommended whenever possible.
 - e) A copy of the power of attorney must be provided to NCHFA PRIOR to loan approval by NCHFA and prior to closing of the 1st and/or 2nd mortgages.
- 3. In addition to the above, the following guidelines also apply as appropriate:

- a) An authorized seller may sign the Seller Affidavit (Form-013) by POA only if seller is incapacitated. A letter of explanation is required from the holder of the POA and the POA must be submitted to NCHFA.
- b) A relocation company is authorized to sign Seller Affidavits if properly authorized.
- c) Active duty military personnel with a military POA will be reviewed on a case by case basis.

4. A **POA is NOT acceptable** if the attorney-in-fact or authorized party is:

- a) the lender;
- b) any affiliate of the lender;
- c) any employee of the lender or any other affiliate of the lender;
- d) the loan originator;
- e) the employer of the loan originator;
- f) any employee of the employer of the loan originator;
- g) the title insurance company providing the title insurance policy or any affiliate of such title insurance company (including, but not limited to, the title agency closing the loan), or any employee of either such title insurance company or any such affiliate; or
- h) any real estate agent with a financial interest in the transaction or any person affiliated with such real estate agent.

7.12 Free Trader Agreement

Married borrowers who do not have a separation agreement, divorce decree or Free Trader Agreement, may submit a notarized statement of the borrower's intent to live separately from their spouse. This statement must also include any information regarding alimony, child support, or ownership in property. The use of a notarized statement is solely for the purpose of establishing Household Income and First Time Homebuyer status, and does not supersede Lender, Investor, or legal regulations regarding Title, Foreclosure, or signatures on the Deed of Trust.

Section 8

Post-Closing Processing Steps

8.1 General

After the participating lender has closed the NC Home Advantage Mortgage™ loan according to the guidelines specified in Section 7, it should follow the procedures outlined below for post-closing steps. NCHFA's designated Master Servicer will only purchase mortgages that are originated by approved participating lenders, which meet compliance with program guidelines including federal and state requirements.

The closing package related to the closed loan must be uploaded to OLS using the Master Servicer stacking order within 10 calendar days after closing. The stacking order of documents is detailed in the following link on the ServiSolutions website: www.servsol.com/lenders/nchfa documents.aspx. The closing package needs to contain all documents in the proper order* and uploaded as one pdf file to ensure a timely review of the documents by ServiSolutions. Neither NCHFA nor the Master Servicer is obligated to purchase a loan past its Lock-in Expiration Date if the loan has not been timely extended by the lender via OLS prior to its expiration date.

*Loans not in proper stacking order may be subject to delayed review and purchase. Loans will not be reviewed until the recorded Note and DOT have been received by ServiSolutions.

Download the current Closing Package Checklist at www.servsol.com.

A. Review of the Mortgage Loan

The closed mortgage loan package must be received by ServiSolutions within ten (10) days of loan closing.

- 1. Lenders must check the closed loan package to confirm all items listed on the Funding Checklist are included in the package. Loans will not be funded if any of the items on the checklist are missing or incorrect.
- All loans purchased by ServiSolutions will require mandatory registration with MERS. No assignments will be accepted for first or second mortgages. Lenders must transfer all applicable rights in MERS to ServiSolutions immediately after purchase.
- 3. Loans where the Interest Rate, Loan Amount, or Loan Type do not match the Commitment issued by NCHFA may not be eligible for purchase by ServiSolutions.

Upon completion of the closed loan file compliance review, the mortgage loan(s) will be funded if the file is complete and is in compliance with all requirements. Closed loan packages will not be funded until all required fundable documentation has been received and all compliance issues cleared.

B. Penalties Withheld from Funding

Lenders have 10 days from closing to deliver the complete closed loan package to ServiSolutions. A loan is considered to be in a fundable condition when a complete closed loan package is delivered without errors or missing documents. Also, loans with delinquent payments will not be purchased. Lenders will have 40 days from the date of closing to clear the loan exception with no penalty. If the loan is not cleared until 41 days from the date of closing, the lender will be charged a late delivery fee of 50 basis points (0.50%) of the principal purchased. If the file is not cleared by the 71st day from the date of closing, original Notes will be returned to the lender and the loan(s) will not be purchased. This section does not override any applicable lock expiration period.

Extension fees may be required if the loan is not funded by the applicable expiration date. The amounts of all fees and penalties are subject to change. Please refer to the

current schedule of penalties and fees located at **www.servsol.com** for the most current information.

C. Funding of the Mortgage Loan

ServiSolutions will issue an ACH (or wire) on single and multiple funding's each Wednesday and Friday for each lender. A breakdown of the multiple lender's funding's will be included with the ACH or wire. Any discrepancies should be directed to the Funding and Delivery Department at ServiSolutions.

Only one set of ACH/wiring instructions will be accepted from each lender. Lenders are allowed one change to the wiring instructions per calendar year. Subsequent changes to ACH/wiring instructions will result in a \$500 fee per transaction.

Lenders are responsible for servicing the loan until purchased by ServiSolutions to include the payment of all required escrow disbursements for each loan during the period from closing to purchase.

In general, fundable closed mortgage loan packages received by the close of the business day on Monday of each week will be funded on Friday and those received by the close of business on Thursday will be funded on Wednesday of the next week once approved by North Carolina Housing Finance Agency.

The funding amount for both first and second mortgages will consist of:

- 1. Scheduled unpaid principal balance.
- 2. Servicing Release Premium per the Program Guidelines (1st mortgage only).
- 3. Interest from the closing date through the purchase date or interest from the last paid installment date to purchase date at the loan's per diem rate.

Amounts to be deducted from funding of both first and second mortgages will consist of:

- 1. Penalties or fees assessed in B or C.
- 2. Flood notification transfer fee of \$10 (not required for flood certification from CoreLogic).
- 3. Prepaid interest (Loans purchased by the 10th of the month prior to the first payment due date only).
- 4. Prepaid escrow (unless after first payment) or current amortized escrow balance on the loan less and disbursements
- 5. Tax service fee of \$71.50
- 6. eDocs Administration Fee of \$40 (if applicable).
- 7. Wire fee of \$20 (per transaction (if applicable)

D. Final Documentation.

The lender is to submit the final mortgage loan documentation consisting of the following original documents to ServiSolutions within 120 days of closing:

- Recorded First Mortgage
- Title Policy
- Mortgage Insurance documentation (FHA Mortgage Insurance Certificate, PMI Certificate of Coverage, Loan Guaranty Certificate)
- Recorded Second Mortgage (if applicable)

E. Transfer of Loan Servicing Rights and Benefits.

The originating lender retains the loan servicing rights and benefits until ServiSolutions purchases the loan. The originating lender will perform all servicing duties until that time. Servicing and benefits rights transfers to ServiSolutions at the time of loan purchase. Lender will be sent a reminder along with the purchase payment advice to send out their goodbye letter to the borrower ServiSolutions will send the borrowers a Notice of Sale, Assignment or Transfer and two temporary payment coupons at the time of loan purchase. The first payment due to ServiSolutions will be determined based upon when

the Notice of Sale, Assignment or Transfer is sent. If the loan is purchased (purchase date) on or before the 10th of the month, the first payment due to ServiSolutions will be the next scheduled monthly payment due date. After the 10th, the effective date will roll to the following scheduled monthly payment due date. The lender must transfer the loan to ServiSolutions through the MERS system immediately after purchase.

Examples

- 1. A loan that closed on 06/02/16 is received by ServiSolutions 06/8/16 and is being funded on 06/10/16. This loan will be purchased at the original note amount with no late delivery penalty.
- 2. A loan that closed on 06/24/16 is not received by ServiSolutions until 7/28/16 and is ready to be funded on 08/11/16. The initial payment on this loan is due on 08/01/16. Since this loan is being purchased after the 10th of the month, the loan will be purchased effective with the payment scheduled for 10/01/16. The lender would be charged a late delivery fee of 50 basis points (0.50%) of the principal purchased.

8.2 Closing of DPAs in NCHFA's Name

The lender must close the NCHFA DPA subordinate mortgage in NCHFA's name and use our Note and Deed of Trust documents available on our website. Forms 405 and 406 are available on our website at www.nchfa.com. Lender must use current forms, found on our website at www.nchfa.com.

8.3 Signatures on the DOT and Promissory Note

All married Borrowers and Non-Borrowing spouses, whether they are on the note or not, **must sign** NCHFA's Deed of Trust form 405, unless the borrower has a recorded Separation Agreement or Free Trader Agreement, recorded prior to the closing transaction.

To meet NCHFA's requirements, the Separation Agreement must adequately address the ability of the borrower to purchase real property without their spouse.

Only the Borrower(s) sign the Promissory Note (Form 406).

8.4 Uploading the Closing Package in OLS

All <u>closing documents</u> are to be uploaded in OLS within 10 calendar days after closing to ensure that the Master Servicer has adequate time to review the documents, clear contingencies and purchase the loan no later than the Lock-In Expiration Date.

The Master Servicer provides a complete checklist and stacking order of required documents on its website at www.servsol.com/lenders/nchfa documents.aspx or you may request assistance from the Master Servicer at lenderinquiries@servsol.com.

The closing package will be uploaded as a single, combined pdf document into OLS following the stacking order specified by ServiSolutions for its review. As part of its review process, if the Master Servicer needs additional documents or corrections to documents already provided, the Lender may upload additional documents in the same manner into OLS. Omission of required documents or documents that do not follow the stacking order as directed by ServiSolutions will result in delays of the review process and may require another upload of the entire package.

For Conventional Loans ONLY, lenders are now required to upload the **UCD XML** file as part of the closed loan file. A single upload slot using our normal Closing Package upload system has been added as of Friday, September 29, 2017. Files are automatically transmitted to ServiSolutions every 15 minutes after upload, 24/7.

The lender must endorse the first mortgage NOTE as follows:

"Pay to the Order of ServiSolutions, a Department of Alabama Housing Finance Authority without Recourse" and must be signed by the appropriate lending official. This endorsement should be on the last page of the Note.

The use of an Allonge is not acceptable.

The original Note and Deed of Trust for the first mortgage and the original Form 406 - Promissory Note and Form 405 – Deed of Trust for the NCHFA subordinate mortgage (DPA) must be mailed to ServiSolutions at the following address:

ServiSolutions
Attn: Funding and Delivery
7460 Halcyon Pointe Drive, Suite 200
Montgomery, AL 36117

The signature(s) and date on the Promissory Note must match the first mortgage Note. Under no circumstances is the lender allowed to advance a mortgage payment on behalf of the borrower.

The Master Servicer website, which has copies of its checklist and other information, may be found at www.servsol.com.

8.5 UCD XML File

All conventional loans must have the UCD XML file uploaded seperately, with the closing package to NCHFA. This file and closing package is transmitted directly to ServiSolutions within 15 minutes, 24/7.

8.6 Loan Purchase Review and Funding

As noted in Section 8.2, mortgage loan closing documents are uploaded into OLS within 10 calendar days after closing for review by the Master Servicer.

- 1. The Master Servicer reviews the closing package for completeness and compliance. If the Master Servicer needs corrected documents or additional documents in its review process, it will notify the lender by e-mail. The lender may upload the additional documents via OLS as one PDF document in the same manner as it did the original closing package, and these additional documents will be transmitted to the Master Servicer. Make sure that ServiSolutions has the correct contact information and that the contact email box is monitored. ServiSolutions will use the contact information provided on the Funding Checklist.
- 2. The Master Servicer purchases loans twice weekly on Wednesdays and Fridays. If the loan has not been delivered to the Master Servicer by the Lock-In Expiration Date, the lender must request an extension via OLS and an associated extension fee

- will be assessed. Locks that expire without an extension will be assessed a mark-to-market fee at the time of purchase based on market conditions.
- 3. The Master Servicer will purchase mortgages in the sequence in which they are approved for funding by the Master Servicer and wire transfer or ACH funds to the specified account of the lender. The Master Servicer cannot make assurances about the time required for mortgages to be purchased.
- 4. Purchase schedules will be forwarded to originating lenders by the Master Servicer indicating which loans will be purchased.
- 5. The Master Servicer will pay to the lender compensation based on the first loan amount, inclusive of any servicing release premium, upon completed purchase of the loan(s). Any extension fees (for extended locks) or mark-to-market fees (for expired locks) will be netted from the lender compensation amount at the time of purchase.
- 6. For fees and costs at loan purchase/funding please refer to section 8.1.
- 7. Rebuttable Presumption is NOT allowed by ServiSolutions and the loan would not be eligible for purchase.

8.7 Shipping the Final Documents to Master Servicer

1. All final documents (recorded Deed of Trust, Title Policy, and any corrections and/or title endorsements must be received by the Master Servicer within 120 days of loan closing.

The lender should send all final documents to the following address:

ServiSolutions /Post-Closing Documents 7460 Halcyon Pointe Drive, Suite 200 Montgomery, AL 36117

(Please use the Master Servicer checklist found at: www.servsol.com/lenders/nchfa_documents.aspx)

2. Lender must submit to the Master Servicer the original executed FHA Mortgage Insurance Certificate (MIC), Loan Guaranty Certificate (LGC) for VA, Loan Note Guarantee (LNG) for USDA loans, or Mortgage Insurance Certificate (MIC) for

conventional loans. Failure to submit the insurance or guaranty certificate may result in a claim for the mortgage to be repurchased.

3. If a subordinate mortgage is included in the transaction, the Title Policy may reference both the 1st and 2nd Deed of Trust mortgages in the policy. The title insurance companies may include the second Deed of Trust (the "DPA") under Part II and list the specific coverage. The insurer must endorse the title policy and complete the Part II information correctly.

A separate Title Policy for the subordinate lien is not required.

4. Our Master Servicer, ServiSolutions, does not offer mortgage life or disability insurance or any other type of optional insurance. Lenders may not include any optional insurance products with loans sold to ServiSolutions.

Section 9

Rate Extensions, Changes to Lock-In and Loan Withdrawal Guidelines

The lender is responsible for ensuring that loan officers and underwriters understand the qualifying guidelines and program requirements, including the income limit requirement. Below are additional miscellaneous requirements of which each participating lender should be aware.

9.1 Late File Submission

The loan must be purchased by the Master Servicer prior to the Lock-In Expiration Date. If the loan is not going to be purchased by the Lock-In Expiration Date, and the loan has not been delivered via the OLS to ServiSolutions, the lender must request an extension via OLS prior to the Lock-In Expiration Date, and an extension fee will apply. If the loan has been delivered to ServiSolutions prior to the lock in expiration, but not yet purchased, ServiSolutions will extend the loan in 7-day increments for up to 30 days. If the lock expires, a mark-to-market fee will be applied to the loan which is assessed based on market conditions at the time the Master Servicer purchases the loan.

An extension fee or mark-to-market **fee cannot be charged to the borrower** EXCEPT where allowed by RESPA and all other federal regulations and/or state laws are in compliance. Proper disclosures and re-disclosures must meet all federal and state requirements. **Loans remain valid and active, until either canceled or withdrawn by lender**.

Extensions and extension fees are applied in the following manner:

If the complete closing package has been uploaded by the Lender via OLS in the proper stacking order prior to the original Lock-In Expiration Date:

The lock will automatically be extended in 7-day increments with an associated extension fee of 0.0625% applied for each 7-day extension until the loan is purchased by the Master Servicer or has exceeded the maximum 30-day extension period.

If the closing package has not been uploaded by the Lender via OLS prior to the original Lock-In Expiration Date:

The lender must request an extension via OLS prior to the Lock-In Expiration Date.

If the lender **fails** to request an extension via OLS prior to the Lock-In Expiration Date, the lock will be assessed a mark-to-market fee based on market conditions at the time the Master Servicer purchases the loan. **The loan is still active unless canceled or withdrawn by lender.**

If the lender requests an extension via OLS prior to the Lock-In Expiration Date, 7-day extension option is available, as well as a 15-day or 30-day extension. A 30 day extension is assessed an extension fee of 0.25% as of September 1, 2017.

- If the Lender uploads the complete closing package in the proper stacking order prior to the end of the extension period, the lock will automatically be extended in 7-day increments with an associated 7-day extension fee of .0625% applied for each 7-day extension until the loan is purchased by the Master Servicer.
- If the Lender requested a 30-day extension, but the Lender has not yet uploaded the complete closing package in OLS prior to the end of the 30-day extension period, the lock will be assessed a mark-to-market fee based on market conditions at the time the Master Servicer purchases the loan.

• If the Lender requested a 15-day extension, but the lender has not yet uploaded the complete closing package in OLS prior to the end of the 15-day extension period, the Lender has one additional opportunity to request a second 15-day extension in OLS. If at the end of the second 15-day extension period, the complete closing package has not been uploaded, the lock will be assessed a mark-to-market fee based on market conditions at the time the Master Servicer purchases the loan. The loan is still active unless canceled or withdrawn by lender.

Please note that for the closing package to have been properly uploaded, it must contain all the documents requested and in the stacking order as directed by the Master Servicer on its website: www.servsol.com/lenders/nchfa documents.aspx. Uploading an incomplete file does not constitute a valid upload and will result in delays in the review process and may require the documents to be uploaded again in the proper order.

All extension fees or mark-to-market fees will automatically be deducted from lender compensation at the time that the Master Servicer purchases the loan from the lender. The lender will be notified once via e-mail prior to the expiration of any lock.

9.2 Interest Rate Lock-In Policy

The NC Home Advantage Mortgage™ program is available on a loan-by-loan, first-come, first-served basis. NCHFA offers a 60-day lock-in period, which may vary from time to time. The mortgage loan must close and be <u>purchased</u> by the Master Servicer by the Lock-In Expiration Date. Once the mortgage loan closes, the lender must upload the Closing Package via OLS for review by the Master Servicer in accordance with Section 8. If the loan is not purchased by the Lock-In Expiration Date, but the lock has been granted an extension, extension fees will apply and will be deducted from the final remittance amount. **The loan is still active unless canceled or withdrawn by lender.**

If the original lock-in period has expired, the loan will be assessed a mark-to-market fee based on market conditions at the time the Master Servicer purchases the loan from the lender. In no instance will the mark-to-market fee be less than what would have been charged if a timely extension had been requested. **The loan is still active unless canceled or withdrawn by lender.**

NOTE: If a lock is withdrawn or canceled the lender cannot initiate a new lock for the borrower until 60 days after the withdrawal/cancellation date.

EXCEPTION: Each lock-in applies to a specific borrower and subject property. If the property is not purchased and the borrower later goes under contract for a different property (new subject property address), a new lock can be requested immediately by logging into the OLS system and making a new lock reservation. The new lock request will be reviewed within 48 hours and confirmation or denial will be emailed to lender.

9.3 Requesting an Extension

Extensions may be requested for expiring locks by submitting a request for extension via OLS. All extensions will incur an extension fee which will be deducted from lender compensation at the time that the Master Servicer purchases loan.

If the complete closing package has been uploaded in the proper stacking order via OLS prior to the original Lock-In Expiration Date, the loan will automatically be granted extensions until the loan is purchased by the Master Servicer. Please note that the closing package that is uploaded must be complete in accordance with the Master Servicer stacking order directed in the following as link: www.servsol.com/lenders/nchfa documents.aspx. If closing file documents do not reflect a complete closing package in accordance with the Master Servicer stacking order checklist, it will be deemed as not having been received.

The only two instances in which a lock will expire are the following:

- If the complete closing package has <u>not</u> been uploaded into OLS by the original Lock-In Expiration Date, and the lender fails to request an extension via OLS prior to the Lock-In Expiration Date. The loan is still active unless canceled or withdrawn by lender.
- If the lender timely requested a 30-day extension via OLS or two 15-day extensions via OLS, but the complete closing package still has <u>not</u> been uploaded into OLS by the lender by the <u>end</u> of the 30-day extension period. If the lock expires, the loan will be assessed a mark-to-market fee that will be based on market conditions at the time loan is purchased by the Master Servicer. **The loan is still active unless canceled or withdrawn by lender.**

9.4 Changes to a Lock-In

A lender may update the initial lock-in data by e-mailing the requested changes to ratelocks@nchfa.com. Your request will be reviewed to determine if the changes may be made. Please note that the loan amount and the purchase price may not be changed by more than 10% of the original amount. Address changes are not valid change requests!

For example, if the locked-in purchase price was \$100,000 and was subsequently increased to \$108,000 to include additional construction options, the lender may update the purchase price to \$108,000. This is an 8% change and within the allowance. Please note that a change in the first mortgage loan amount may change the DPA to ensure that DPA is no more than 5% of the first mortgage loan amount for an FHA, VA or USDA loan or no more than 3% of the first mortgage loan amount for a conventional loan.

9.5 Withdrawal of Loan Locks

The lender must notify NCHFA of any loan withdrawals by accessing OLS (https://www.nchfa.org/ols/login.aspx) and withdrawing the lock. You will be prompted to enter a reason for withdrawing the loan.

If a lender withdraws or cancels a loan lock, the borrower(s) will not be eligible to relock under the NC Home Advantage MortgageTM program **for 60 days** after the withdrawal date.

Only new locks due to customer changes in subject property address are allowed under 60 days. Rates and program guidelines in effect at that time are not transferrable.

9.6 **Duplicate Locks or Borrowers**

If lender determines upon entering a borrower's information into OLS that a duplicate lock was previously made, complete the reservation as normal. NCHFA will review the new lock within 48 hours and either Confirm or Deny the new lock reservation if valid.

Section 10

NC 1st Home Advantage Mortgage Down Payment - \$8,000 DPA

The NC 1st Home Mortgage Down Payment (DPA) program is available for the purchase of new and existing, previously occupied homes for qualified first-time home buyers and qualifying veterans in all 100 NC counties.

The NC 1st Home Advantage Mortgage Down Payment is funded through tax-exempt mortgage revenue bond (MRBs) financing. Certain income and sales price limits apply. Eligible borrowers and adult occupants must also be first-time homebuyers or meet certain exceptions. The use of funds under this program is subject to IRS Recapture Tax rules. Borrowers may be eligible for reimbursement of any potential recapture tax paid. Please see our Recapture Tax Reimbursement program details at www.nchfa.com. The DPA is a subordinate lien and subject to repayment under the terms specified below.

Qualified borrowers who utilize the \$8,000 DPA <u>CANNOT</u> combine these funds with the NC Home Advantage 3% or 5% down payment assistance program or mortgage credit certificate program (MCC). Borrowers may also utilize the Community Partner's Loan Pool (CPLP) funds if they meet the guidelines for both programs.

Borrower utilizing the \$8,000 DPA Program may not combine the 3% or 5% down payment assistance programs offered by NCHFA.

All NC Home Advantage and NC 1st Home Advantage Mortgage Down Payment loans are made through participating lenders and must be for principal residences only.

59 | P a g e

10.1 Property Requirements

The sales price and acquisition limit for a home financed through the NC 1st Home Advantage MortgageTM with \$8,000 DPA is \$250,000, which is subject to change.

- 1. The residence must be located in North Carolina and must be eligible for mortgage insurance under FHA, VA, USDA, or conventional guidelines as a principal residence.
- **2.** The residence may be an existing, previously occupied property or a new, never occupied home. Eligible property types include:

FHA, USDA, VA

- Single family detached or semi-detached
- Townhomes / PUD
- Condos
- Manufactured homes NEW only; permanent foundation
- Modular homes (stick built)
- Duplex (**not allowed**)

Conventional

- Single family detached or semidetached
- Townhomes / PUD
- Condos
- Modular Homes (stick built; off-frame only, permanent foundation
- Duplex (not allowed)

Maximum Acreage

The land acquired in connection with the mortgage loan may not exceed five (5) acres. <u>No portion</u> of the land may be used as an income producing property.

The property may not have accessory units, storage sheds, or other unattached, separate structures that would qualify as livable space.

Business Use of Property

No more than fifteen percent (15%) of the total area of the principal residence can be used for:

- a. The principal place of business for, or in connection with, any trade or business on an exclusive and regular basis.
- b. A place of business that is used exclusively and on a regular basis for meeting or dealing with patients, clients, or customers in the normal course of trade or business.
- c. A place that is used on a regular basis where the inventory is held for use in the trade or business of selling products at wholesale or retail but only if the residence is the sole fixed location of such trade or business.

Not Allowed:

- a. Rental to any person, this includes rental to a roommate. Roommate rental is assumed to be using more than 15% of the residence for business purposes.
- b. A place that is used on a regular basis in the trade or business of providing day care for children, or for other individuals, regardless of age.
- c. Property acquisition costs may not exceed NCHFA's limits. Some living units include unfinished space (i.e. an area designed or intended to be completed or refurbished and used as living space). For example, if the unfinished square footage in the lower level of a tri-level residence or the upstairs of a Cape Cod exceeds 25% of the total square footage, the cost to complete this area, whether or not the work is actually to be done, must be added to the sales price to arrive at the acquisition cost.

The lender may use the appraiser's cost estimation for completion. The Seller Affidavit (Form -013) must include this cost.

The mortgages are also subject to the FHA 203(b) maximum mortgage limits or published Agency acquisition limits, whichever are lower.

10.2 Owning More Than One Home

All loans financed under the NC Home Advantage Mortgage™ program must be for a principal residence.

In no case may a borrower have more than one (1) property financed through NCHFA at any time.

10.3 Borrower Eligibility

Eligible borrowers must qualify for and meet all requirements of an NC Home Advantage Mortgage as defined in Section 5 of the Program Guide. In addition, the borrower must meet all of the additional requirements listed below:

- Must meet income limits established for mortgage revenue bond funded loans, which are determined based on gross, total household income and number of occupants. The household income limits are detailed in Section 10.9 .
- All adult occupants must be first-time homebuyers or eligible veterans. This applies to all borrowers and non-borrowing occupants. For purposes of this DPA program, a first-time homebuyer is someone who has not had an ownership interest in a principal residence in the past 36 months, unless qualifying under a Veteran's Exception or purchasing a home in a Federally Designated Targeted Area as specified on our website at www.nchfa.com.
- Pre-purchase education is required for first-time homebuyers.
- Must be permanent, legal residents of the United States.
- Non-occupant co-borrowers are NOT allowed under this program. Co-signors
 are not eligible or allowed on this program.

10.4 Forms and Documents Required

The lender must submit all forms required by the NC 1st Home Advantage Mortgage. The NC 1st Home Advantage Mortgage Down Payment requires certain documents and forms signed by all occupants. The seller must also sign the Form-013 Seller Affidavit.

The additional forms are:

- 2. Form-013 (Seller Affidavit)
- 3. Form-015 (Preliminary Notice to Applicants of Potential Recapture)
- 4. Form-016 (Mortgage Affidavit and Borrower Certification)
- 5. Form-026 (Notice to Borrower)
- 6. Form-101 (Borrower Closing Affidavit)
- 7. Form-102 (Lender Closing Affidavit)

IRS Recapture Tax applies to the mortgage loan(s). The lender is required to explain and provide the Form-015 Preliminary Notice to Applicants of Potential Recapture to the customer at time of loan origination.

10.5 Loan Terms and Fees

The first mortgage associated with the NC 1st Home Mortgage Down Payment must be locked at the mortgage interest rate set daily Monday through Friday on the NCHFA website. Rates are subject to change daily.

The \$8,000 DPA funds may be used toward eligible down payment, mortgage insurance and closing expenses. No cash back at closing other than POCs. The DPA cannot cover negative equity. The maximum loan adjustment at closing cannot exceed \$250.00.

The \$8,000 DPA has a fifteen-year term with a 0% interest rate. It is a non-recourse, deferred loan, forgiven at 20% per year at the end of years 11-15. At the end of the fifteen years, the note will be considered satisfied and NCHFA will release the lien securing the note. Please note that the forgiveness schedule is annual, not monthly.

Non-arm's length transactions are must follow industry guidelines.

All or a portion of the unforgiven loan funds are due and payable to NCHFA if home is sold, refinanced, or no longer owner-occupied (unless otherwise prohibited under applicable federal law). Loans are repayable only from proceeds to borrower from a sale or refinance.

No subordinations are allowed on any NC Home Advantage DPA during the first seven (7) years.

10.6 Allowable Fees on 2nd Mortgage – DPA Portion

Under no circumstances may the lender or any other entity charge the buyer any fees, 3rd party costs, or other expenses on the \$8,000 subordinate loan.

A separate Loan Estimate (LE) is required for the 2nd Mortgage. **No attorney fees may be charged on the second mortgage (DPA).** Allowable fees are a Housing Counseling fee, a recording fee (cost to record at the register of deed's office), and an application fee. There is no prescribed allowable amount for these fees per the CFPB under the Partial Exemption rule, but all fees must be reasonable, normal, and customary.

10.7 Promissory Note and Deed of Trust on 2nd Mortgage (DPA)

All deferred subordinate mortgages will be evidenced by a Promissory Note (Form 406) and secured by a recorded Deed of Trust (Form 405) on the property.

10.8 Gift Funds

Gift funds are eligible as long as the loan type (i.e., FHA, USDA, VA or conventional) allows them per their investor guidelines. Conventional loans must also comply with any requirements of the private mortgage insurance (PMI) company used.

10.9 Income Limits

Household income limits apply to the \$8,000 DPA and can be found on our website at www.nchfa.com under Income Limits. The income limits are subject to change. The income limits are based on mortgage revenue bond financing and IRS guidelines. The income limits will vary based on total number of people living in the home, and reflect gross household income of all occupants. Any adult person expected to live in the house must all be counted in total, household income (e.g., fiancé). Full-time dependent students (12 credit hours or more) may be excluded.

(Subject to change; see www.nchfa.com for current limits)

10.10 Income Calculation for Compliance Underwriting

Total household income is defined as the gross annual income of all adults expected to live in the residence being financed; including income received by any household member who is 18 years of age or older (except a full-time dependent student, 12 credit hours or more), even if they will not be secondarily liable on the mortgage. Verification of income includes the following documents as proof of income:

- Three years of tax transcripts*
- Paystubs
- Verification of Employment (VOEs)
- P&L (if self-employed)

*All NC 1st Home Advantage Mortgage Down Payment loans that close after February 15th must provide the previous years, signed tax return. NCHFA will accept a signed copy of the borrower's previous years federal return until June 30th, after which time a tax transcript must be obtained.

Compliance Income Calculations

NCHFA will count all household income being earned as of date of lender submission of loan documents to NCHFA for loan approval. Income calculations for compliance underwriting are different from qualifying income calculations for investor (i.e., FHA, VA, USDA, and Conventional) credit underwriting.

NCHFA will review copies of the Verification of Employment (written or verbal VOE), last year's W-2s, pay stubs and copies of additional income verifications to substantiate income calculations (i.e., social security award letter, retirement, National Guard or Reserve income, child support, etc.)

Note: The **pay stub must be dated within 45 days** of submission of documents to NCHFA for loan approval and clearly indicate all sources of income (i.e., shift differential, overtime, etc.) and verify total YTD earned income. If employer does not

issue pay stubs it will be necessary to obtain a copy of the latest payroll ledger on company letterhead, signed by company official.

NCHFA requires a copy of all last year's W-2s. The sum of the W-2s must match the federal tax returns. No W-2s are required for the previous two years. The lender must document the employment dates for all employers represented on the last year's tax returns. Verbal Verification of Employments (VOE's) are acceptable.

Disclosure of Income

Lenders should always ask the borrowers to disclose their current base income (before any payroll deductions). Current base income includes income from primary and part-time jobs at the time of lender submission of documents for NCHFA loan approval and all other income that the borrowers receive. This information must be used for compliance underwriting. All income is projected for 12 months to calculate compliance income (regardless of its likelihood to continue).

Other Income

The lender should also ask the borrower for other sources of income.

Examples include (not inclusive):

- death benefits received on a continuousbasis)

- dividends - net rental income

- education benefits- overtimeused for subsistence- pensions

- housing allowance - public assistance

interest income
 recurring monetary contributions regularly
 income received from
 received from persons not living in the unit

business activities or - royalties

investments - shift differential

- income received from trusts - sick pay

- insurance policies (if - social security benefits

- tips

- Veterans Administration (VA) comp

- unemployment income

- Workers compensation
- special pay and allowances

of a member of the armed forces (excluding hazardous duty pay)

Income Calculation: Salaried Base Pay

The lender will use each borrower's verified gross annual income for calculation of income for salaried borrowers. When the verified gross income disclosed does not agree with the gross income on the borrower's pay stub, the lender's file must be documented with the gross income that was applicable at the time of lender submission of documents for NCHFA loan approval and an explanation should be in the lender's file stating why there is a variance.

Verifications of employment are used to determine the income of a salaried borrower. The lender must compare the current annual salary with year-to-date earnings and with the borrower's current pay stubs to note any discrepancies. Lender should investigate discrepancies and document the file appropriately.

NCHFA will calculate compliance income for salaried and hourly borrowers by projecting current base pay for the next 12 months, and averaging "other" income for the previous tax year and year to date until June 30. On July 1, current base pay projected for 12 months will be averaged with year to date "other" income.

Income Calculation: Self-Employment Income

The lender must calculate gross annual income for self-employed borrower by averaging the reported net income for the previous two years signed federal tax returns and year-to-date income. Year-to-date earnings will be taken from a current, signed year-to-date (based on most recent quarter) profit and loss statement (may be self-prepared).

Example:

2016 net earnings from Schedule C		\$ 38,000.00
Depreciation	+	3,000.00
2016 earnings (12-month period)		\$ 41,000.00
2017 net earnings for 9 months from P&L		\$ 36,000.00
Depreciation	+	1,000.00
2017 year-to-date earnings (9-month period)		\$ 37,000.00
2015 earnings		\$ 35,533.00
2016 earnings	+	41,000.00
2017 year-to-date earnings	+	37,000.00
	=	\$ 113,553.00
\$113,553 ÷ 33 months = \$3,441 x 12 months	=	<u>\$41,292.00</u>

If the sum of the self-employed income from the past two years and year-to-date equals a negative income figure, NCHFA will treat the sum as zero (\$0).

The partnership or corporate returns, together with all schedules, must be submitted with the loan application if the borrower is a 25% or greater partner in a partnership or has a 25% or greater ownership interest in a small corporation (i.e., assets of one million dollars or less).

If the tax returns indicate that the borrower was self-employed full-time or part-time in the prior year and the borrower is no longer self-employed, the borrower must provide a signed statement indicating he/she is no longer self-employed. The statement should verify that the last date of self-employment.

Income Calculation: Part-Time Salary Income

Part-time salary income must be included when calculating the borrower's gross annual income if the borrower is employed at a part-time job at the time of lender submission of

documents for NCHFA loan approval. It is considered current income.

The lender must calculate income based on what the borrower is making at the time of lender submission of documents for NCHFA loan approval if the part-time employer verifies a specific hourly rate and gives the specific number of hours worked (or states the monthly amount). The lender must ensure that year-to-date figures equal this amount. If not, the file must be documented as to the reason for the discrepancy. If the part-time employer does not state a specific hourly rate and gives the specific number of hours worked (or states the monthly amount), the lender must average past year and year-to-date earnings and project the income on an annual basis.

Income Calculation: Commission Income

Income for a 100% commissioned individual will be calculated as it is for a self-employed borrower (past two years and year-to-date average).

Income for commissions received in addition to a base salary (or a "guaranteed" draw) is treated as "other income". NCHFA will average the commission income for the previous year and year to date until June 30. On July 1, use only year to date to average and project forward for the next 12 months.

Income Calculation: Bonus and Overtime Income

The lender must average past year and year-to-date bonus and/ or overtime income. If the borrower was not employed full-time for twelve months during the past year, the borrower's income should be averaged using the applicable number of months. If the borrower has been with the same employer for the previous year and year to date, then average the bonus and overtime for the previous year and year to date until June 30. On July 1, use only year to date to average and project forward for the next 12 months.

Income Calculation: Dividends and Interest Income

The lender must average past year and year-to-date dividend and interest income. The tax returns will indicate dividend and interest income received for the prior tax year. The

borrower should furnish copies of bank statements, or other documentation to substantiate year-to-date dividend and interest income. This should be made a part of the lender's file.

Income Calculation: Child Support and Alimony Income

The lender must use the monthly amount of child support or alimony indicated in the separation papers or divorce decree. The issue of child support must be addressed by having the occupant complete the applicable questions in the Child Support Income Certification section on the Mortgage Affidavit (Form - 016). For married borrowers (or non-borrowing co-occupants) who do not have a separation agreement or divorce decree, NCHFA will accept a notarized statement of the borrower's intent to live separately from their spouse, which must include information regarding child support, alimony, and ownership interest in any other property, if applicable.

Income Calculation: Social Security Income

The lender must annualize gross benefits based on the benefit letter from the Social Security Administration. Social Security benefits include payments received by adults on behalf of minors for their own support.

Income Calculation: Other Income Excluded

The following types of income can be excluded in determining a borrower's income eligibility for the program:

- amounts of educational scholarships paid directly to the student or to the educational institution
- amounts paid by the Government to a veteran for use in meeting the costs of tuition, fees, books, and equipment
- amounts that are specifically for reimbursement of business and/or educational expenses
- one-time sign-on bonus
- lump sum additions to family assets, such as inheritance, insurance payments (including payments under health and accident insurance and workers' compensation), capital gains, and settlement for personal or property losses

- payments received for the care of foster children
- temporary, non-recurring sporadic income or gifts
- amounts that are specifically for or in reimbursement of the cost of medical expenses
- severance pay
- inheritance (lump-sum)

Recertification of Income

If the loan is scheduled to close 120 days after the period ending date of the latest pay stub, the borrower's income must be re-verified and a Recertification of Income (Form-103) form must be submitted for approval by NCHFA prior to closing. The lender must receive a new updated pay stub (or payroll ledger) reflecting current year-to-date earnings for salaried employees and a more current profit and loss statement for a self-employed borrower.

Other income must be re-verified as well as the borrower's base income.

Example:

The period ending date on the latest pay stub is March 8, 2015. The income verifications are valid for 120 days, in this case until July 5, 2015. If the loan closes after July 5, 2015, the borrower's income must be re-verified prior to closing.

Compliance Certification for Non-Borrower Occupant

All adult occupants must execute NCHFA Form-016, and any other applicable NCHFA form.

The income of the non-borrowing spouse or other adult occupant will be included in calculations to determine eligibility. The lender must provide all current and prior year's VOEs, current pay stub, award letters, W-2s and 1099s, and the most recent year signed federal tax returns through June 30th. IRS tax transcripts for the prior two years to cover all 3 years of taxes.

Neither the spouse nor other adult occupant(s) can have owned an interest in a principal

residence and occupied a principal residence within the last three years.

10.11 Separation Agreement and/or Divorce Decrees

NCHFA may request a copy of any separation agreement and/or divorce decree and any subsequent modification documents for any borrower, co-borrower, or non-borrowing co-occupant that has been previously married or receives alimony or child support, to verify additional sources of income.

If the borrower (or non-borrowing co-occupant) does not have a separation agreement or divorce decree, they will be required to provide a notarized statement that must include the date of their separation, amount of child support or alimony received, if any, and that they have not owned any property as a principal residence within three years of the closing date.

Information regarding child support or alimony can be disclosed on the Form 016 Program Certification and supported by other documents gathered by the lender.

Section 11

FAQ and Program Summaries

- A. NC Home Advantage MortgageTM Program Summary
- B. NC 1st Home Advantage MortgageTM Down Payment Program Summary
- C. Documentation Required for NC Home Advantage MortgageTM and MCC-Assisted Loans
- D. Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ)

NC Home Advantage Mortgage[™] Program Summary (97% LTV, 3%, and 5% DPA)

The Program Summary below provides a condensed version of information provided in this overall Program Guide.

ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA:

- 1. The Borrower(s) must meet published income guidelines. Income limits for the NC Home Advantage MortgageTM program do not vary by county and are not dependent on family size unless the NC Home Advantage MortgageTM is paired with an MCC. (Please see Section 5 of this Program Guide for a complete explanation.)
- 2. Income limits are currently \$87,500 statewide and may be subject to change. The income qualification for the borrower(s) is based on the income shown on the final 1003/AUS Findings. Please note if the NC Home Advantage Mortgage™ loan is paired with an MCC, the loan must meet the more restrictive MCC income guidelines.
- 3. The Borrower(s) do not have to be first-time homebuyers.
- 4. The Borrower(s) must have a FICO credit score of 640 or higher. Each Borrower must have at least two credit scores.
- 5. The Borrower(s) cannot have a DTI ratio that exceeds 43.0%.
- 6. The home must be used as the Borrower's principal residence. (Please see Section 6 of this Program Guide for a complete explanation.)

7. All loans must be underwritten by the lender to meet FHA, VA, USDA, or Fannie Mae HFA Preferred conventional established guidelines. For conventional loans, only Desktop Underwriter (DU) findings will be accepted (LP cannot be used for conventional loans).

8. ALL LOANS MUST RECEIVE A COMMITMENT FROM NCHFA PRIOR TO THE PARTICIPATING LENDER CLOSING THE LOAN.

- 9. For conventional loans, you may use any FNMA and ServiSolutions approved PMI company.
- 10. NCHFA reserves the right to request any additional documentation needed to make an accurate determination on any given loan.

DOWN PAYMENT ASSISTANCE (3% AND 5% DPA) OFFERED UNDER NC HOME ADVANTAGE MORTGAGETM:

- 1. The DPA is a 0% interest rate subordinate mortgage, deferred for the first 10 years and forgiven at a rate of 20% per year at the end of years 11 through 15. If the first mortgage loan is paid in full prior to the end of year 15, the borrower must repay the un-forgiven portion of the DPA.
- 2. The DPA may be used for down payment assistance, closing costs, and pre-paid items. DPA cannot be used to cover negative equity in the property. DPA cannot be used to pay extension fees, or to pay off debts, collections, or judgements.
- 3. The amount of DPA is up to five percent (5%) of the first mortgage total loan amount for FHA, VA and USDA loans (the 5% option is not always available for USDA) and up to three percent (3%) of the first mortgage total loan amount for conventional loans. The lender must determine rate eligibility for each loan type.

- 4. Borrower may contribute additional cash resources for down payment and closing costs.
- 5. A Loan Estimate (LE) for the subordinate mortgage is required.
- 6. Lender will fund the first and the DPA directly at closing.

CLOSING/PURCHASE GUIDELINES:

- 1. Borrowers are not allowed to receive cash back at closing other than POCs. Lender credits are allowed, however, neither NCHFA nor ServiSolutions pays lender credits.
- 2. A Borrower may contribute additional cash resources for closing costs and/or prepaid items.
- 3. All loans must be purchased by the Master Servicer. Upon purchase, the Participating Lender will be paid lender compensation inclusive of SRP, by the Master Servicer upon purchase of the loan based on the 1st loan amount. Any extension fees and mark-to-market fees are reduced from lender compensation at the time of purchase.
- 4. All 1st loans locked through NCHFA must close in the name of the Participating Lender in which the lock was made. DPA mortgages must close in the name of NCHFA.

OPERATIONS PROCESS:

1. Participating Lenders can only submit lock requests via OLS for this program on business days between the hours of 9:00 am and 6:00 pm E.S.T. Periodically, OLS may be updating rates during this time period and will not be able to accept locks.

- 2. Interest rates for the program will appear on the NCHFA website. When a Participating Lender locks a loan via OLS, the lock confirmation will reflect the current interest rate in effect for that loan.
- 3. A PARTICIPATING LENDER MUST BE APPROVED BY NCHFA AND THE MASTER SERVICER.
- 4. The purchase of the loan by the Master Servicer must occur by the Lock-In Expiration Date. If the complete closing package in the proper stacking order has been received by the Master Servicer by the Lock-In Expiration Date, the lock will automatically be granted 7-day extensions until the loan is purchased. If the complete closing package has not been received by the Master Servicer by the Lock-In Expiration Date, the lender may request an extension via OLS prior to the expiration date. If the lock is extended, it is subject to extension fees. If the loan is not extended and expires, it is subject to a mark-to-market fee if the loan is purchased by the Master Servicer. Both extension fees and mark-to-market fees are reduced from lender compensation at the time the loan is purchased by the Master Servicer.
- 5. The Participating Lender must upload any requested conditions to NCHFA via OLS.

Documentation Required for NC Home Advantage Mortgage™ & MCC-Assisted Loans

Documents Submitted for Loan Approval by NCHFA (Note: additional docs will be needed for Closing Package sent to Servicer)	NC Home Advantage Mortgage TM (3% or 5%)	NC Home Advantage Mortgage TM with MCC	MCC Only	NC 1st Home Advantage (e.g., \$8,000)
1008 or FHA Transmittal summary / VA analysis		X	X	X
Final AUS findings	X	X		X
Final Application (1003)	X	X	X	X
URAR Appraisal – Subject Property	X	X	X	X
All VOE's for current employment		X	X	X
Other income documentation		X	X	X
Last Year's W-2 and/or 1099's		X	X	X
Last 3 years tax returns/IRS Transcript		X	X	X
Form-013: Seller Affidavit		X	X	X
Form-015: Preliminary Notice to Applicants of Potential Recapture		X	X	X
Form-016: Mortgage Affidavit		X	X	X
Form-026: Notice to Borrower	X	X (if DPA)		X
Form-101: Borrower Closing Affidavit		X	X	X
Form-102: Lender Closing Affidavit		X	X	X
Loan Estimate (LE) on 1st	X	X		X
Loan Estimate (LE) on 2 nd (DPA)	X	X		X
Pre-purchase education (only if all borrowers are first-time homebuyer)	X	X		X

Note: The lender must close the NCHFA DPA subordinate mortgage in NCHFA's name and utilize our Note and Deed of Trust documents available on our website. Forms 405 and 406 are available on our website at www.nchfa.com. ServiSolutions documents to be included at closing are available at http://www.servsol.com.

NC 1st Home Advantage Mortgage™ Down Payment Program Summary - \$8,000 DPA

The Program Summary below provides a condensed version of information provided in this overall Program Guide. The full, complete NC Home Advantage Program Guide should be referred to for entire program guidelines.

GENERAL PROGRAM AND BORROWER ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA:

- 1. The Borrower(s) must meet published gross, total household income guidelines. Income limits for the NC 1st Home Advantage MortgageTM Down Payment program with \$8,000 DPA varied by county and number of occupants.
- 2. Income limits are subject to change. The income qualification for the borrower(s) and all adult occupant is based on the total, gross household income of all adult occupants.
- 3. The Borrower(s) and all adult occupants must be first-time homebuyers.
- 4. The Borrower(s) must have a FICO credit score of 640 or higher. Each borrower on the 1003 mortgage application must have at least two credit scores.
- 5. The maximum debt-to-income rate (DTI) is 43.0%.
- 6. The home must be used as the Borrower's only principal residence.
- 7. All loans must be underwritten by the lender to meet FHA, VA, USDA, or Fannie Mae HFA Preferred conventional established guidelines. For conventional loans, only Desktop Underwriter (DU) findings will be accepted (LP cannot be used for conventional loans).
- 8. ALL LOANS MUST RECEIVE A COMMITMENT FROM NCHFA PRIOR TO THE PARTICIPATING LENDER CLOSING THE LOAN.

- 9. For conventional loans, you may use any FNMA and ServiSolutions approved PMI company.
- 10. NCHFA reserves the right to request any additional documentation needed to make an accurate determination on any given loan.

\$8,000 DOWN PAYMENT ASSISTANCE (DPA) OFFERED UNDER NC 1ST HOME ADVANTAGE MORTGAGETM:

- 1. The DPA is a 0% interest rate subordinate mortgage, forgiven at a rate of 20% per year at the end of years 11 through 15. If the first mortgage loan is paid in full prior to the end of year 15, the borrower must repay the un-forgiven portion of the DPA.
- 2. The DPA may be used for down payment assistance, closing costs, and pre-paid items. DPA cannot be used to cover negative equity in the property.
- 3. The DPA cannot be given as cash-back at closing; other than eligible POCs.
- 4. Borrower may contribute additional cash resources for down payment and closing costs.
- 5. A separate Loan Estimate (LE) for the subordinate mortgage is required. If the lender is unable to generate a Loan Estimate, a substitute LE is available on our website. The APR must be 0%.
- 6. Lender will fund the first and the DPA directly at closing.

CLOSING/PURCHASE GUIDELINES:

- Borrowers are not allowed to receive cash back at closing other than eligible POCs.
 Lender credits are allowed, however, neither NCHFA nor ServiSolutions pays
 lender credits.
- 2. A Borrower may contribute additional cash resources for closing costs and/or prepaid items.

- 3. All loans must be purchased by the Master Servicer. Upon purchase, the Participating Lender will be paid lender compensation inclusive of SRP, by the Master Servicer upon purchase of the loan based on the 1st mortgage loan amount. Any extension fees and mark-to-market fees are reduced from lender compensation at the time of purchase.
- 4. All 1st loans locked through NCHFA must close in the name of the Participating Lender in which the lock was made. The subordinate lien DPA mortgage must close in the name of NCHFA, using the Form-405 and Form-406.

OPERATIONS PROCESS:

- 1. Participating Lenders can only submit lock requests via OLS for this program on business days between the hours of 9:00 am and 6:00 pm E.S.T. Periodically, OLS may be updating rates during this time period and will not be able to accept locks.
- 2. Interest rates for the program will appear on the NCHFA website. When a Participating Lender locks a loan via OLS, the lock confirmation will reflect the current interest rate in effect for that loan.
- 3. A PARTICIPATING LENDER MUST BE APPROVED BY NCHFA AND THE MASTER SERVICER.
- 4. The purchase of the loan by the Master Servicer must occur by the Lock-In Expiration Date. If the complete closing package in the proper stacking order has been received by the Master Servicer by the Lock-In Expiration Date, the lock will automatically be granted 7-day extensions until the loan is purchased. If the complete closing package has not been received by the Master Servicer by the Lock-In Expiration Date, the lender may request an extension via OLS prior to the expiration date. If the lock is extended, it is subject to extension fees. If the loan is not extended and expires, it is subject to a mark-to-market fee if the loan is purchased by the Master Servicer. Both extension fees and mark-to-market fees are

reduced from lender compensation at the time the loan is purchased by the Master Servicer.

5. The Participating Lender must upload any requested conditions to NCHFA via OLS.

Documentation Checklist for NC 1st Home Advantage MortgageTM Down Payment - \$8,000 DPA

Documents Submitted for Loan Approval by NCHFA (Note: Additional docs will be needed for Closing Package sent to Servicer)	NC 1 st Home Advantage Mortgage DPA
1008 or FHA Transmittal summary / VA analysis	X
Final AUS findings	X
Final Application (1003)	X
URAR Appraisal	X
VOE's for all current employment	X
Other income documentation	X
Last Year's W-2 and/or 1099's	X
IRS Transcript – Last 3 years	X
Form-013: Seller Affidavit	X
Form-015: Preliminary Notice to Applicants of Potential Recapture	X
Form-016: Mortgage Affidavit	X
Form-026: Notice to Borrower	X
Form-101: Borrower Closing Affidavit	X
Form-102: Lender Closing Affidavit	X
Loan Estimate (LE) on 1st	X
Loan Estimate (LE) on the 2 nd (DPA portion)	X
Pre-purchase homebuyer education - signed	X

Note: The lender must close the NCHFA DPA subordinate mortgage in NCHFA's name and utilize our Note and Deed of Trust documents available on our website. Forms 405 and 406 are available on our website at www.nchfa.com. ServiSolutions documents to be included at closing are available at http://www.servsol.com.

Frequently Asked Questions

- 1. Can I reserve a loan online without locking in a rate? Do you offer a float option?
 - **A.** No. The loan and rate will be locked upon completion of the lock process using OLS. There is no float option. In addition, if the lock process is not completed to the point of the submission of the rate lock, the data will not be saved. Therefore, please have all data ready to enter at the time of rate lock.
- 2. What happens if my borrower is locked into a rate, and the market rates decline?
 - A. Rates are locked upon receipt of the lock confirmation. Borrowers cannot withdraw and re-lock at a lower rate. A borrower must wait 60 days after the withdrawal/cancellation of a lock before s(he) may re-lock under the NC Home Advantage MortgageTM program.
- 3. When should I lock in the interest rate?
 - **A.** Lenders should only lock their loans after a full underwrite has occurred by their internal underwriting staff. At a minimum, loans should be locked only after an appraisal, credit, and AUS Findings are completed. Remember, your loan must be purchased by ServiSolutions within the 60 lock period to avoid penalties.
- 4. My borrowers decided not to buy the property for which a rate has been locked. Instead, they want to buy a different property. Market rates have changed since the initial lock-in. Does the borrower retain the old interest rate lock and Lock-In Expiration Date, or does the borrower get a new interest rate lock at today's rates, with a new 60-day Lock-In Expiration Date?
 - **A.** Borrowers may be allowed to re-lock if the original subject property has changed and verification of changed property is provided. Rates and current program guidelines in effect the day of new lock apply.

- 5. The original lock-in data included two borrowers. Now, one of the borrowers will not be on the loan after all. How do I correct OLS?
 - **A.** The lender must contact NCHFA for all changes to locked loans.
- 6. My borrower is currently locked in for an NC Home Advantage Mortgage™ loan with DPA using an FHA-insured loan. My borrower now wants to change the loan type to USDA. Can I do that and keep the same interest rate and expiration date?
 - **A.** Borrowers may change loan program types between FHA, VA and USDA loans; however, the original Lock-In Expiration Date still applies. A borrower may <u>not</u> switch from a government loan (FHA, VA, USDA) to a conventional loan or vice versa since different rates and lender compensation apply, unless approved by NCHFA. Also, USDA may not always be available.
- 7. My borrower is using your NC Home Advantage MortgageTM. How do I calculate the DPA loan amount?
 - A. Once you determine the loan amount for your borrower, calculate the DPA by multiplying the 1st mortgage loan amount by 3% if it is a conventional loan or up to 5% if it is an FHA, VA or USDA (5% option not always available for USDA) loan. For example, if your sales price is \$125,000, and your first mortgage amount is \$121,250 for a conventional loan, eligible for a 3% DPA, then your DPA amount is \$3,637 (3% of \$121,250). If your loan amount changes, your DPA will be adjusted accordingly so that it does not exceed 3% of the loan amount for a conventional loan or up to 5% of the loan amount for a government loan (FHA, VA or USDA). If the loan is an FHA, VA, or USDA, then calculate the DPA on the total loan amount including MIP, Funding Fee, or Guarantee fee. In the example above, for FHA the base loan is \$120,625. Add MIP of \$2110 for a total loan amount of \$122,735. Then DPA is 3% of \$122,735 or \$3,682.

- 8. My borrower is buying a "fee simple townhome." Is he/she eligible for a conventional NC Home Advantage MortgageTM?
 - **A.** Townhomes are acceptable. Condominiums are eligible for conventional financing and must meet all Fannie Mae guidelines.
- 9. Our underwriter denied the mortgage loan based on information included in the underwriting file. Once the loan was denied, I withdrew the loan from OLS. We have been able to more fully document the underwriter's concern, and a loan approval has now been issued. Now that the loan has been approved, how do I re-establish the lock-in? Does the borrower still receive the original lock-in rate, or do current market conditions apply?
 - **A.** The loan will be subject to review by NCHFA.
- 10. The 1st mortgage loan amount has changed from what I locked in. How do I change the information in OLS?
 - **A.** The lender must contact NCHFA to make any changes to an existing loan lock. Loan amounts may not change from the original lock by more than 10%.
- 11. For a conventional loan, what MI coverages are required under the Fannie Mae HFA

 Preferred program used by NC Home Advantage MortgageTM? The table below shows the
 required coverage for Fannie Mae's HFA Preferred product:

	Coverage Required
Loan to Value	
95.01-97%	18%
90.01-95%	16%
85.01-90%	12%
80.01-85%	6%

- 12. We will not be able to have the loan purchased by the Master Servicer by the Lock-In Expiration Date. What do I do? Are there any penalties?
 - A. All loans must be purchased by the Master Servicer by the Lock-In Expiration Date. If the loan is not able to be purchased by the Master Servicer by the Lock-In Expiration Date, the lender may request an extension via OLS prior to the expiration date, and the loan will be subject to extension fees. If the lock is not extended, it will be subject to a mark-to-market fee if the loan is purchased by the Master Servicer. Maximum lock-in is 90 days. Loans past 90 days from original lock-in date may be charged mark-to-market fees. See Section 9 of Program Guide for details.
 - **B.** The loan <u>must</u> be purchased by ServiSolutions by day 40 after loan closing to avoid a late delivery fee. A late delivery fee of .5% will be assessed by ServiSolutions for all loans purchsed from day 41 through day 70. On day 71 after closing, the loan will no longer be eligible for purchase by ServiSolutions and all documents received by ServiSolutions will be returned to the originating lender. See Chapter 8 for full details.

Section 12

IRS Recapture Tax Provisions and Disclosures

[Applies to NC 1st Home Advantage Mortgage Down Payment]

Summary of Recapture Requirements

General Information for Lenders, Realtors, Builders

Recapture Formula

The Basics of Recapture

Recapture Example: \$108,800 Mortgage Amount

Recapture Calculation Worksheet

Recapture Threshold Income

Recapture Federal Family Income Limits Table

Preliminary Notice to Applicants

Notice to Mortgagors of Potential Recapture of Federal Subsidy

Notice to Mortgagors of Maximum Recapture Tax and Method to Compute Recapture Tax on Sale of Home



North Carolina Housing Finance Agency Home Ownership FirstHome Program and Mortgage Credit Certificate (MCC) Program

Summary of Recapture Requirements

Condition	Provision
To whom recapture applies	Buyers who receive FirstHome or other NCHFA Mortgage or MCCs starting January 1, 1991.
When recapture is due	The year in which the owner sells or otherwise disposes of the home.
How much is recaptured	The maximum amount is 6.25 percent of the assisted mortgage amount.
Reductions and limitations	The recapture amount increases from \$0 to the maximum amount over the first 5 years of ownership, and then decreases to \$0 after 10 years.
	The recapture amount cannot exceed 50 percent of the gain realized on the sale.
	The recapture amount can be reduced depending on how much the household income exceeds the threshold income for that household size at the time of sale.
How recapture is paid	Recapture is part of the mortgagor's individual income tax liability.
Other provisions	The housing agency must inform the mortgagor of the potential recapture amount within 90 days of settlement.
	Home improvement loans are exempt from recapture.
	Other requirements, including limited exceptions to those subject to recapture and refinancing, were also enacted.
You may have to pay recapture if:	 Sell your house prior to ninth anniversary date of closing and; Have significant increase in income and; Make a significant net gain in the sale of the home

The Basics of Recapture

- Recapture applies to certain NCHFA Mortgages and MCC-assisted loans closed after December 31, 1990.
- The maximum recapture will occur if the home is disposed of during the fifth year. The lowest recapture will occur within the first year and the ninth year.
- Recapture does not apply if the home is disposed of more than nine years after the loan closing.
- Recapture does not apply if disposition occurs due to the death of the mortgagor(s). A successor may be subject to recapture if the property is disposed of.
- Recapture does not apply to transfers to spouses and former spouses in which no gain or loss is recognized.
- The maximum recapture amount is provided immediately after the loan closing. The actual recapture amount is calculated at the time of disposition. A holding period adjustment and an income adjustment may reduce the amount of recapture.
- The recapture amount will be determined separately according to the respective interests in the residence when two or more persons (generally unmarried) receive an MCC-assisted mortgage or a bond loan.
- The borrower is responsible for paying the recapture amount as additional federal tax liability upon the disposition of the home financed with an MCC-assisted mortgage or certain NCHFA mortgage loans. The borrower is responsible for the recapture calculation and payment of the recapture amount to the federal government.

Recapture Provision

General Information For Lenders, Realtors, Builders

Purpose

Congress enacted legislation in 1988, subsequently amended in October of 1990, to recapture some or all the subsidy from first-time homebuyers who receive qualified mortgage bond assistance after January 1, 1991. This includes all buyers who use NCHFA FirstHome mortgage revenue bonds and mortgage credit certificates (MCCs). The purpose of recapture is to retrieve the subsidy from owners who receive rapid income increases after they purchase their home and, as a result, do not need the subsidy to remain homeowners. Recapture became effective for all loans closed after December 31, 1990.

Recapture Concept

The recapture of subsidy on a FirstHome or certain NCHFA mortgage or MCC is triggered when a disposition of the financed residence takes place within nine years of the purchase date. Transfers to a spouse in which, no gain or loss is recognized and dispositions by reason of death are excluded. The amount of recapture that owners might have to pay depends on how much their incomes have increased, their family size at the time of the sale, the size of their mortgages, the length of time they owned their home and any gain realized on disposition of their residence. The owner is responsible for paying the recapture amount as an additional federal tax liability for the tax year in which the home is disposed of. The owner is responsible for the calculation and payment to the federal government. The originating lender is only responsible for disclosure at time of application and closing.

How It Works

No recapture is required if the borrower's income at the time of disposition is below the threshold income. The threshold income is calculated as in the following example:

Example

Assume the federal income limit at the time of purchase is \$35,200 based on a family size of two at the time of disposition. The disposition occurred 2 years and 2 months from the purchase date.

Threshold Income $\$35,200 \times (1.05)(1.05) = \$38,808$

Adjustments

Two adjustments may reduce the maximum recapture amount.

1. Holding-Period Adjustment

The holding period adjustment affects the actual recapture amount based on how long the home is owned prior to disposition. The holding period percentage increases from 20% to 100% of the original mortgage amount over the first 5 years and then decreases evenly during years 6 to 9. Assume the mortgage was \$60,000 and the unit is sold at the end of 2 years and 2 months.

Maximum Recapture Amount after Application of Holding-Period Percentage (HPP) $60,000 \times 0.0625 \times 0.000 \times 0.0000 \times 0.00000 \times 0.0000 \times 0.00000 \times 0.0000 \times 0.00000 \times 0.0000 \times 0.$

2. Income Adjustment

The income adjustment is to estimate, at the time of sale, whether the owner will still meet the income eligibility limits for an NCHFA mortgage or MCC. The threshold income is subtracted from the borrower's adjusted gross income at the time of disposition and divided by a constant factor of 5,000 to determine an income adjustment percentage. The income adjustment percentage cannot exceed 1.0. Assume the owner's income in the year of disposition is \$41,000.

Income Adjustment Percentage \$41,000 - \$38,808 ÷ 5,000 = .4384

92 | P a g e

Gain-on-Disposition

The gain-on-disposition limitation ensures that the actual recapture amount does not exceed 50% of the gain realized on the disposition. Assume the realized gain is \$12,000.

Gain-on-Disposition Limitation $50\% \times \$12,000 = \$6,000$

Adjusted Recapture

The adjusted recapture amount includes the holding period adjustment and the income adjustment percentage.

Adjusted Recapture \$2,250 x .4384 = \$986.40

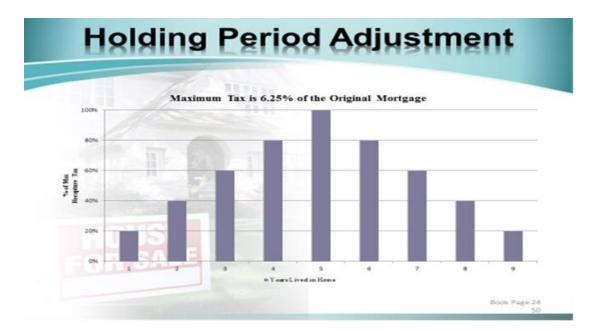
Recapture Calculation

The actual recapture equals the lesser of Adjusted Recapture (\$986.40), or one-half the realized gain on the disposition (\$6,000). In this example the recapture amount will be \$986.40.

Recapture Formula

Several steps are required to calculate the actual recapture amount owed. Adjustments may be made based on the number of years the home is owned prior to disposition and the borrower's income at the time of disposition. The steps involved in the calculation are outlined as follows:

Holding Period Percentage



Threshold Income (Adjusted Qualifying Income)

The highest federal family income (based on family size at the time of disposition) at the date of the loan closing multiplied by 1.05 to the nth power, where n equals the number of **full** years between the loan closing and the date of disposition.

Maximum Recapture Amount

The federally-subsidized amount which is 6.25% *multiplied* by the original principal amount of the mortgage, multiplied by the holding period percentage.

94 | P a g e

Income Percentage

The modified adjusted gross income of the borrower for the taxable year in which the disposition occurs minus the threshold income divided by 5,000.

Adjusted Recapture Amount

The maximum recapture multiplied by the income percentage.

Recapture

Equals the lesser of the Adjusted Recapture Amount, or one-half the gain realized on the disposition.

Recapture Examples

\$108,800 Mortgage Amount

Mortgage Amount	\$ 108,800	\$ 108,800	\$ 108,800	\$ 108,800	\$ 108,800
Disposition Period	13 months	37 months	13 months	13 months	61 months
Family Size at Disposition	3	3	1	3	3
Owner's Income at Disposition	\$ 62,000	\$ 62,000	\$ 59,000	\$ 70,000	\$ 62,000
Federal Income Limit	\$ 61,870	\$ 61,870	\$ 53,800	\$ 61,870	\$ 61,870
Realized Gain on Disposition	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000
Threshold Income	\$64,963.50	\$71,622.26	\$56,490.00	\$64,963.50	\$78,963.54
Maximum Recapture	\$ 2,720	\$ 5,440	\$ 2,720	\$ 2,720	\$ 5,440
Income Percentage	0	0	.5020	1.0	0
Adjusted Recapture	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 1,365.44	\$ 2,720	\$ 0
Recapture Amount (lesser of adjusted Recapture or ½ gain realized)	\$ *0	\$ *0	\$ 1,365.44	\$ 2,720	\$ *0

^{*}Owner's income at disposition less than threshold income.

Recapture Examples



J, a single individual, purchases a home with a \$110,000 loan. At the time of purchase, the applicable income limit for small families (2 or fewer persons) was \$71,600 and for large families (3 or more persons) was \$82,340. He marries S, and they have two children. They sell their home 2 years and 2 months later and realize a gain of \$15,000 on the sale of the home. In the year of sale, J and S's household income (adjusted gross income plus tax-exempt interest) is \$92,000.

Threshold Income: $$82,340 \text{ x} (1.05)^2 = $90,780$

Holding Period Percentage (from Table) 60% (.6)

Maximum Recapture: $$110,000 \times .0625 \times .6 = $4,125$

Income Adjustment: (\$92,000 - \$90,780) / 5000 = .2440 (rounded down)

Income Adjustment Calculation (not to exceed 1.0). Recapture equals Income Adjustment x Maximum

Recapture.

Adjusted Recapture: $$4,125 \times .2440 = $1,006.50$

Recapture equals the lesser of Adjusted Recapture (\$1,006.50), Maximum Recapture (\$4,125), or one-half the gain on the house (\$7,500).



Notice to Mortgagors of Federal Subsidized Amount and Family Income Limits



The maximum recapture tax that you may be required to pay as an addition to your federal income tax is \$7,375. This amount is 6.25% of the original principal amount of your mortgage loan and is your federally subsidized amount with respect to the loan.

Adjusted Qualifying Income Family Members Living in Your Home at the Time of Sale

Date You Sell Your Home	Holding Period Percentage	2 or less	3 or more
Before the first anniversary of closing (December 1, 2007)	20%	\$ 71,600.00	\$ 82,340.00
On or after the first anniversary of closing (December 1, 2007), but before the second anniversary of closing (December 1, 2008)	40%	\$ 75,180.00	\$ 86,457.00
On or after the second anniversary of closing (December 1, 2008), but before the third anniversary of closing (December 1, 2009)	60%	\$ 78,939.00	\$ 90,780.00
On or after the third anniversary of closing (December 1, 2009), but before the fourth anniversary of closing (December 1, 2010)	80%	\$ 82,886.00	\$ 95,319.00
On or after the fourth anniversary of closing (December 1, 2010), but before the fifth anniversary of closing (December 1, 2011)	100%	\$ 87,030.00	\$100,085.00
On or after the fifth anniversary of closing (December 1, 20011), but before the sixth anniversary of closing (December 1, 2012)	80%	\$ 91,382.00	\$105,089.00
On or after the sixth anniversary of closing (December 1, 2012), but before the seventh anniversary of closing (December 1, 2013)	60%	\$ 95,951.00	\$110,343.00
On or after the seventh anniversary of closing (December 1, 2013), but before the eighth anniversary of closing (December 1, 2014)	40%	\$100,749.00	\$115,860.00
On or after the eighth anniversary of closing (December 1, 2014), but before the ninth anniversary of closing (December 1, 2015)	20%	\$105,786.00	\$121,653.00

Note: The closing date for the loan is December 1, 2006.





Notice to Mortgagors of Federally Subsidized Amount and Family Income Limits

The maximum re	ecapture tax that you may be required to pay as an addition to your federal income tax is
\$	This amount is 6.25% of the original principal amount of your mortgage loan and is your
federally subsidi:	zed amount with respect to the loan.

Adjusted Qualifying Income Family Members Living in Your Home at the Time of Sale

Date You Sell Your Home	Holding Period Percentage	2 or less	3 or more
Before the first anniversary of closing (see note below)	20%	\$	\$
On or after the first anniversary of closing, but before the second anniversary of closing	40%	\$	\$
On or after the second anniversary of closing, but before the third anniversary of closing	60%	\$	\$
On or after the third anniversary of closing, but before the fourth anniversary of closing	80%	\$	\$
On or after the fourth anniversary of closing, but before the fifth anniversary of closing	100%	\$	\$
On or after the fifth anniversary of closing, but before the sixth anniversary of closing	80%	\$	\$
On or after the sixth anniversary of closing, but before the seventh anniversary of closing	60%	\$	\$
On or after the seventh anniversary of closing, but before the eighth anniversary of closing	40%	\$	\$
On or after the eighth anniversary of closing, but before the ninth anniversary of closing	20%	\$	\$

Note: Closing means the closing date for your loan.

Recapture Calculation Worksheet



A.	Maximum federal family income for area, year, family size								54,500.00	
B.		sold or transferred loan closing.	d3	years 4	months f	from the da	ate			
C. B	Amount in	A x (1.05) to the	nth power w	where <i>n</i> equals the	e number of fu	ll years fro	m	= \$	63,090.56	
D. 1040		s) modified adjus	ted gross in	come for year in	which house is	s sold (For	m	\$	65,000.00	
	(tax-exemp	t income)						+ _	0	
	(gain on sal	e on home) (repo	rt on tax ret	urns as capital ga	ain only.)				0	
	(modified a	djusted gross inc	ome)					= <u>\$</u>	65,000.00	
E. here.	If the amou	nt in C is greater	than or equa	al to the amount	in D, no recapt	ure; stop				
F.	Original mo	ortgage loan amo	unt					<u>\$1</u>	08,896.00	
G. 80%	Applicable	holding period pe	ercentage (y	ear in which sale	or disposition	takes plac	e)			
	Year 1	20%	Year 4	80%	Yea	ar 7 - 6	50%			
	Year 2	40%	Year 5	100%	Ye	ar 8 4	40%			
	Year 3	60%	Year 6	80%	Yes	ar 9 2	20%			
H.	Amount in	F x 6.25% x perc	entage from	G				= <u>\$</u>	5,444.80	
I.	The amoun	t in D subtract the	e amount in					= _	.382%	
	of the calcu	lated % or 1%)		(\$1909.4	$(4 \div 5000)$ (us	e the lesse	r			
J.	The amoun	t in H x I						= <u>\$</u>	2,079.91	
K.	Gain on sal	e of the home \$10	0,000 x 50	<u>%</u>				= <u>\$</u>	5,000.00	
Ī.	The recapti	The recapture amount is the lesser of the amount in Lor in K								

Recapture Calculation Worksheet

A.	Maximun	<u>\$</u>									
B.		s sold or transferral loan closing.	red	years	months from the	date					
C.	Amount i	n A x (1.05) to th	e nth power whe	re n equals the	number of full years from l	В	= \$				
D. 1040)	D. Mortgagor(s) modified adjusted gross income for year in which house is sold (Form 1040)										
	(tax-exem	npt income)					+				
	(gain on s	sale on home) (rep	oort on tax return	s as capital gai	n only.)		-				
	(modified	l adjusted gross in	ncome)				= \$				
E.	If the amo	ount in C is greate	er than or equal to	the amount in	D, no recapture; stop here	•					
F.	Original mortgage loan amount										
G.	Applicabl	le holding period	percentage (year	in which sale of	or disposition takes place)_	%					
	Year 1	20%	Year 4	80%	Year 7	60%					
	Year 2	40%	Year 5	100%	Year 8	40%					
	Year 3	60%	Year 6	80%	Year 9	20%					
H.	Amount i	n F x 6.25% x per	rcentage from G				= \$				
I.	The amou	=	%								
J.	The amou	ınt in H x I					= <u>\$</u>				
K.	Gain on s	ale of the home \$		x 50	<u>)%</u>		= \$				
L.	The recar	he recapture amount is the lesser of the amount in J or in K									

Recapture Threshold Income



Holding Period	Federal Income Limit Based on Family Size and County (see Table)					Threshold Income
1 years	\$54,500	X	$(1.05)^1$	=	\$_	57,225.00
2 years	\$54,500	X	$(1.05)^2$	=	\$_	60,086.00
3 years	\$54,500	X	$(1.05)^3$	=	\$_	63,090.56
4 years	\$54,500	X	(1.05)4	=	\$_	66,245.09
5 years	\$54,500	X	(1.05) 5	=	\$_	69,557.35
6 years	\$54,500	X	(1.05) 6	=	\$_	73,035.21
7 years	\$54,500	x	(1.05) ⁷	=	\$_	76,686.97
8 years	\$54,500	x	(1.05)8	=	\$_	80,521.32
9 years	\$54,500	X	(1.05) 9	=	\$_	84,547.39

^{*} Number of full years between loan closing and the date of disposition.

Recapture Threshold Income

Holding Period	Federal Income Limit Based on Family Size and County (see Table)				Threshold Income
1 years	\$	X	$(1.05)^1$	=	\$
2 years	\$	X	$(1.05)^2$	=	\$
3 years	\$	X	$(1.05)^3$	=	\$
4 years	\$	X	(1.05)4	=	\$
5 years	\$	X	(1.05) ⁵	=	\$
6 years	\$	X	(1.05) 6	=	\$
7 years	\$	X	(1.05) ⁷	=	\$
8 years	\$	X	(1.05)8	=	\$
9 years	\$	X	(1.05) 9	=	\$

^{*} Number of full years between loan closing and the date of disposition.

Recapture Provision Federal Family Income Limits Table

SAMPLE

Federal Income Limit						Federal Income Limit						
	Small Family 2 or Less		Large Family 3 or More				Small Family 2 or Less		Large Family 3 or More			
Counties	Non- Target	Target	Non- Target	Target		Counties	Non- Target	Target	Non- Target	Target		
Alamance	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		Davidson	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		
Alexander	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		Davie	\$58,200	\$69,840	\$66,930	\$81480		
Alleghany	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		Duplin	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		
Anson	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		Durham	\$61,700	\$74,040	\$70,955	\$86,380		
Ashe	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		Edgecombe	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		
Avery	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		Forsyth	\$58,200	\$69,840	\$66,930	\$81,480		
Beaufort	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$7,5320		Franklin	\$71,600	\$85,920	\$82,340	\$100,240		
Bertie	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		Gaston	\$64,400	\$77,280	\$74,060	\$90,160		
Bladen	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		Gates	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		
Brunswick	\$53,900	\$64,680	\$61,985	\$75,460		Graham	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		
Buncombe	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		Granville	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		
Burke	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		Greene	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		
Cabarrus	\$64,400	\$77,280	\$74,060	\$90,160		Guilford	\$56,400	\$67,680	\$64,860	\$78,960		
Caldwell	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		Halifax	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		
Camden	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		Harnett	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		
Carteret	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		Haywood	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		
Caswell	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		Henderson	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		
Catawba	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		Hertford	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		
Chatham	\$61,700	\$74,040	\$70,955	\$86,380		Hoke	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		
Cherokee	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		Hyde	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		
Chowan	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		Iredell	\$56,900	\$68,280	\$65,435	\$79,660		
Clay	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		Jackson	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		
Cleveland	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		Johnston	\$71,600	\$85,920	\$82,340	\$100,240		
Columbus	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		Jones	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		
Craven	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		Lee	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		
Cumberland	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		Lenoir	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		
Currituck	\$60,300	\$72,360	\$69,345	\$84,420		Lincoln	\$55,100	\$66,120	\$63,365	\$77,140		
Dare	\$57,900	\$69,480	\$66,585	\$81,060		Macon	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		

Note: Refer to "Notice to Mortgagors of Federally Subsidized Amount and Family Income Limits" for actual figures, which will be sent to you within 90 days of closing.

Recapture Provision Federal Family Income Limits Table



Federal Income Limit

Federal Income Limit

Federal Income Limit						rederal income Limit						
	Small Family 2 or Less		Large Family 3 or More				2 or	Family Less	Large Family 3 or More			
Counties	Non- Target	Target	Non- Target	Target		Counties	Non- Target	Target	Non- Target	Target		
Madison	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		Stokes	\$58,200	\$69,840	\$66,930	\$81,480		
Martin	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		Surry	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		
McDowell	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		Swain	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		
Mecklenburg	\$64,400	\$77,280	\$74,060	\$90,160		Transylvania	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		
Mitchell	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		Tyrrell	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		
Montgomery	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		Union	\$64,400	\$77,280	\$74,060	\$90,160		
Moore	\$56,300	\$67,560	\$64,745	\$78,820		Vance	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		
Nash	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		Wake	\$71,600	\$85,920	\$82,340	\$100,240		
New Hanover	\$53,900	\$64,680	\$61,985	\$75,460		Warren	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		
Northampton	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		Washington	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		
Onslow	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		Watauga	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		
Orange	\$61,700	\$74,040	\$70,955	\$86,380		Wayne	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		
Pamlico	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		Wilkes	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		
Pasquotank	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		Wilson	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		
Pender	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		Yadkin	\$58,200	\$69,840	\$66,930	\$81,480		
Perquimans	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		Yancey	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320		
Person	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320								
Pitt	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320								
Polk	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320								
Randolph	\$56,400	\$67,680	\$64,860	\$78,960								
Richmond	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320								
Robeson	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320								
Rockingham	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320								
Rowan	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320								
Rutherford	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320								
Sampson	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320								
Scotland	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320								
Stanly	\$53,800	\$64,560	\$61,870	\$75,320								



North Carolina Housing Finance Agency (NCHFA) First-Time Homebuyer Programs

Notice to Mortgagors of Potential Recapture of Federal Subsidy

The below-market rate on your FirstHome Mortgage or Mortgage Credit Certificate has been made possible through the use of tax-exempt bond authority by the North Carolina Housing Finance Agency (NCHFA).

If you dispose of all or part of the interest in your home at a gain within nine years of the date of loan closing, your federal income tax for the year in which the disposition occurs may be increased by a portion of the federal subsidy received by you ('Recapture").

The recapture is accomplished by an increase in your federal income tax for the year in which you sell your home. The recapture only applies, however, if you sell your home at a gain and IF your income increases above specified levels.

Within 90 days of the loan closing NCHFA will provide you with a "Notice to Mortgagors of Federally-Subsidized Amount and Family Income Limits." This form contains information that you will need to calculate the maximum amount that you may be required to pay as an addition to your federal income tax liability if you dispose of all or part of the interest in your home. You may wish to consult a tax advisor or the local office of the Internal Revenue Service at the time you sell your home to determine the amount, if any, of the recapture tax. None of these calculations need be made unless you dispose of an interest in your home within nine years from the date of closing.

The actual amount of Recapture can only be calculated at the time of disposition. Several steps are required to calculate the actual Recapture amount. Adjustments may be made based on the number of years the home is owned by you and your income at the time of disposition. The following outlines the steps involved in the calculation:

Threshold Income (Adjusted Qualifying Income)

The highest federal family income, (based on family size at the time of disposition) at the date of the loan closing multiplied by 1.05 to the nth power where "n" is the number of full years between the loan closing and the date of disposition.

Holding Period Percentage

The percentage is based on the year in which the disposition occurs after the loan closing date according to the following table:

Year 1	20%	Year 4	80%	Year 7	60%
Year 2	40%	Year 5	100%	Year 8	40%
Year 3	60%	Year 6	80%	Year 9	20%

Maximum Recapture Amount

The federally-subsidized amount which is 6.25%, multiplied by the highest principal amount of the mortgage, multiplied by the holding period percentage.

Income Percentage

The modified adjusted gross income of the borrower for the taxable year in which the disposition occurs minus the threshold income divided by a constant factor of 5,000.

Adjusted Recapture Amount

The maximum recapture multiplied by the income percentage.

Recapture

Equals the lesser of the Adjusted Recapture Amount, or one-half the gain realized on the disposition. If the disposition occurs other than through a sale, exchange or involuntary conversion, gain for purposes of Recapture will be determined as if the interest had been sold for its fair market value on the date of disposition. Further, in the event your home is destroyed by fire, storm, flood or other casualty, no Recapture will be required if you purchase additional property for use as your principal residence on the site of the home financed with this mortgage within the period of time specified in Section 1033 (a)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code.

This notice is furnished by the North Carolina Housing Finance Agency according to the requirements of Section 143 (m)(7) of the Code. It should be kept by you with your mortgage loan files. You should consult your own tax advisor regarding the calculation of the Recapture amount if you dispose of any interest in your home within nine years of the date of this notice.



North Carolina Housing Finance Agency (NCHFA) First-Time Homebuyer Programs

Notice to Mortgagors of Maximum Recapture Tax and Method to Compute Recapture Tax on Sale of Home

Introduction

General

If you sell your home within nine years after closing your mortgage, you may have to pay a recapture tax as calculated below. The recapture tax may also apply if you dispose of your home in some other way, for example, if you give your home to a relative. Any reference in this notice to the "sale" of your home also includes other ways of disposing of your home.

Exceptions

In the following situations, no recapture tax is due.

- You dispose of your home more than nine years after you close your mortgage.
- Your home is disposed of as a result of your death.
- You transfer your home to your spouse or to your former spouse incident to divorce and you have no gain or loss included in your income under section 1041 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- You dispose of your home at a loss.

Maximum Recapture Tax

The maximum recapture tax that you may be required to pay is calculated for you in the enclosed notice. This amount is 6.25% of the original principal amount of your mortgage loan. This is your federally subsidized amount with respect to the loan. If recapture tax is due, you would pay it as an addition to your federal income tax for the year you dispose of your home.

Actual Recapture Tax

The actual recapture tax, if any, can only be determined when you sell your home. It is the lesser of (1) 50% of any gain you realize, regardless of whether you have to include that gain in your income for federal income tax purposes, or (2) your recapture amount determined by multiplying the following three numbers:

- The maximum recapture tax, as described above and as shown in the enclosure, times
- The holding period percentage, as listed in the enclosure, times
- The income percentage

Calculate the income percentage as follows:

Subtract the applicable "Adjusted Qualifying Income" in the taxable year in which you sell your home, with the following two adjustments: (a) your adjusted gross income must be increased by the amount of any interest that you receive or accrue in the taxable year from tax-exempt bonds that is excluded from your gross income (under section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code); and (b) your adjusted gross income must be decreased by the amount of any gain included in your gross income by reason of the sale of your home.

If the result is zero or less, you owe no recapture tax. If it is \$5,000 or more, your income percentage is 100%. If it is greater than zero but less than \$5,000, it must be divided by 5,000. This fraction, expressed as a percentage, represents your income percentage. For example, if the fraction is \$1,000÷5,000, your income percentage is 20%.

Limitations and Special Rules on Recapture Tax

- If you give away your home (other than to your spouse or ex-spouse incident to divorce), you must determine your actual recapture tax as if you had sold your home for its fair market value.
- If your home is destroyed by fire, storm, flood, or other casualty, there generally is no recapture tax if, within two years, you purchase additional property for use as your principal residence on the site of the home financed with your original subsidized mortgage loan.

- In general, except as provided in future regulations, if two or more persons own a home and are jointly liable for the subsidized Mortgage loan, the actual recapture tax is determined separately for them based on their interests in the home.
- If you repay your loan in full during the nine year period and sell your home during this period, your holding period percentage may be reduced under the special rule in Section 143(m)(4)(C)(ii) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- Other special rules may apply in particular circumstances. You may wish to consult with a tax advisor
 the local office of the Internal Revenue Service when you sell or otherwise dispose of your home to
 determine the amount, if any, of your actual recapture tax. See Section 143(m) of the Internal Revenue
 Code generally.

Index

Acreage, 60 Agency website, 7 Allonge, 50 Annual Recertification, 16 appraisal, 5 Appraisal, 34, 35, 39, 78, 114 AUS, 39

В

Bankruptcy, 32 Bonus, 69 Borrower Requirements, 29

C

Α

Changes to Lock-In, 54
CLOSING/PURCHASE GUIDELINES, 76, 80
collections, 31
Collections, 31
Compliance Guidelines, 13
Conditional Commitment, 8
Co-signer, 8, 9
Credit Score, 31

D

Definitions, 8
Discount Points, 9, 13
Documentation Required, 78, 83
Down Payment Assistance, 23
DPA, 23
DTI, 19
Duplicate Locks, 58

E

Electronic Signatures, 42 ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA, 74, 79 Exceptions, 108 extension fee, 57 F

Fannie Mae, 9
Federal Family Income Limits, 104
FICO, 74, 79
Final Documents, 52
FNMA, 10
Form 1003, 39
Frequently Asked Questions, 84

G

GUS, 21, 31, 38

Н

hazard insurance, 42 Holding Period, 94, 107 Holding-Period Adjustment, 92

I

Income Calculation: Bonus and Overtime Income, 69
Income Calculation: Child Support and Alimony Income,
70
Income Calculation: Commission Income, 69

Income Calculation: Social Security Income, 70
Income Excluded, 70

Income Limits, 30

L

Late File Submission, 54
Lender Participation Agreement, 11
Lender Participation Guidelines, 14
LGC, 52
Loan Origination, 37
Lock-In, 56
Lock-In Expiration Date, 10

M

Manufactured Homes, 10 Marital Interest, 11 Master Servicer, 17 Maximum Acreage, 60

111 | Page

MCC, 5 MERS, 40 MIC, 52 Mobile Homes, 10 Modular Home, 11 Mortgage Credit Certificate, 5

N

negative equity, 25 Non-Borrower Occupant, 37 non-traditional credit, 38

0

OLS, 15
OLS Portal, 77, 81
Online Lender Services, 7, 12
Online Lender Services System, 15
Online Lender System, 15
Online Reservation System, 15

P

POCs, 76
Post-Closing Processing, 45
Pre-Closing Forms/Documents, 39
Pre-Purchase Education, 29
Program Certifications, 78, 83
Program Summary, 74, 79
Property Eligibility, 33
Property Requirements, 33
Purchase schedules, 52

R

Rate Extensions, 57 Ratios, 31 Recapture, 4

POA, 12, 43, 44

Recapture Calculation, 93
Recapture Concept, 91
Recapture Provision, 91
Recapture Requirements, 89
Recertification of Income, 71
Recertification Requirements, 16
Record Retention, 16
Refinances, 22
repair escrows, 22, 34
Repairs, 34
RESPA, 13

S

second homes, 34
Seller Affidavit, 78
Separation Agreement, 72
Servicing Agreement, 13
Shipping the Closing Package, 50
Shipping the Final Documents, 52
stacking order, 57
Subordination, 26, 27

T

Threshold Income, 106 Title Policy, 52 Transfer of Beneficial Rights, 41 Trustee, 41

V

Veterans Administration, 13

W

Withdrawal Guidelines, 54 Withdrawal of Loan Locks, 58 Withdrawals, 58

Major Revisions History

July 8, 2017:

- 1. Added 7.5 Electronic Signatures Policy
- 2. Updated Sales Price limit to \$250,000 in \$15k section

August 29, 2017:

Definitions

- 3. Extension Fees Changed to .25% effective September 1, 2018
- 4. First Time Homebuyer added
- 5. Free Trader Agreement added
- 6. Seller Contribution added

Section 4

- 4.2 added "only 1 NCHFA loan at a time".
- 4.2 4 HFA preferred access clarified

Escrow Holdbacks and Repairs clarified

- 4.3 Added 203k as ineligible loan type
- 4.4.1 − DPA cannot be used to cover negative equity

Section 5

5.2 – Clarified Pre-Purchase education requirement

Section 7

- 7.2 Added Review Time 48 hours
- 7.3 Added Perfect Submission
- 7.4 Added Interest Credit
- 7.5 Added DOT
- 7.6 Added Power of Attorney
- 7.7 Added Free Trader

Section 8

8.1 A.3 – Loans...may not be eligible for purchase

Section 9

9.1 – Changed Extension fee to .25%

Appendix A – NC Home Advantage Mortgage Summary

- 1. Down Payment Assistance -2 DPA cannot be used for negative equity
- 2. Closing/Purchase guidelines 1 Added POCs for cash back at closing

Removed Section 11 - \$15k DPA Option

September 26, 2017:

Section 4

1. 4.7 – Subordination Policy defined

All Sections – DTI increased to 43%

Section 8

1. 8.2 – XML File upload added

September 29, 2017:

Definitions updated

- 1. Removed Substitute TIL
- 2. Removed TIL

Section 7

- 1. 7.4.4 Changed LE information and fees allowed
- 2. 7.5 Added LE required as #4.
- 3. 7.5 Changed Note to reflect new LE requirement
- 4. 7.6.6e Closing Disclosure (CD) for 2nd required per ServiSolutions

Program Summary – Removed language about APR not allowed to exceed "0"%

Document Submission Matrix – Removed TIL

October 9, 2017:

Section 7 – 7.5 Added URAR – Uniform Residential Appraisal Report

November 21, 2017:

Added new policy on POAs being acceptable.

January 26, 2018:

Section 4 – 4.3 – Added Rebuttable Presumption

Section 8 - 8.1 - C 5 - changed Tax service fee to 71.50

8.3.7 – added Rebuttable Presumption not allowed

February 18, 2018:

114 | P a g e

Section $10-NC\ 1^{st}$ Home Advantage Down Payment added to Program Guide